When you come to Bradford make Southwick & Co.'s store your headquarters.

McKean County Miner.

BURT OLSON, Editor and Proprietor. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY TERMS: $1.25 Per Year

VOL. XXXIV. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1897. NO. 43

We Sell Drugs
If you want them.
You are welcome whether you buy or not.
E. P. Southwick & Co.

Official Directory.

STATE.

Governor—Daniel H. Hastings.
Lieutenant Governor—Walter Lyon.
State Treasurer—Edmund M. Jackson.
Auditor General—James H. Mylin.
Sec'y of Internal Affairs—James Kelly.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judicial—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport.
Additional Law Judge—Thomas A. Morrison, Smethport.
Member of Congress—C. W. Stone, Warren.
State Senator—Walter T. Merrick, Bloomsburg.
Members of Assembly—Herman H. North; E. A. Dempsey, Bradford.
District Attorney—Sheridan Gorton, Smethport.
Sheriff—J. F. Davis, Smethport.
Prothonotary—G. W. Mitchell, Bradford.
County Treasurer—F. B. Clark, Bradford.
County Surveyor—Wm. A. Young, Smethport.
Coroners—Lemuel Davis, Kane; Thomas P. Dingwille, Smethport.
Com'rs Clerk—A. D. Weaver, Kane.
Jury Commr—Walter Ostrander, W. R. Ford.
Auditors—C. W. Freeman, J. C. Cannon, Jr., Bradford; A. B. Cory, Corydon.
Mercantile Appraiser—T. T. Lewis, Mt. Alton.
Coroner—E. N. Sherman, Kendall Creek.
County School Supt.—J. E. Myers, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—L. K. Hogarth.
Council—C. C. Young, Henry Beiver, A. T. Palmer, Chris Herring, Wm. Meinzmann, F. D. Gallup, Chas. Johnson, Burg Chadwick, Carl Wood.
Justices—E. L. Knapp, P. Ford.
Constable—H. L. Buckingham.
School Director—John Farren, C. C. Young, E. A. Morrison, E. E. Mayo, D. M. Brasted, L. F. Grant.
Collector—T. T. Daly.
Assessor—W. A. Young.
Ass't Assessors—D. C. Young, Wm. Mainer.
Auditors—J. B. Mann, C. H. Mayo, and J. A. Yonker.
Judge of Election—Henry Biever.
Inspectors of Election—C. H. Buringame, Jno. Hungerford.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 338, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.
H. C. WELLS, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 309, meets Friday evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Will work in Initiatory Degree at the meeting of each month; at degree on second, 20 degree on third, and 3d degree on fourth meetings.
A. HAGERTY, N. G.
J. C. GALLUP, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment No. 273 meets the First and Third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
K. G. PETERS, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. CHOATE, Scribe.

CYRILLA ROEBEKAH LODGE, No. 5, I. O. O. F. Meets every Monday evening at I. O. O. F. Hall.
MARY J. LYMAN, N. G.
MARIE DUBE, Sec'y.

G. A. R.—McKean Post No. 37, meets First and Third Thursday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall Masonic Block.
M. L. BUCKINGHAM, Adjutant.

A. O. U. W.—Meets Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
MRS. KATE I. WRIGHT, Past.
MRS. ROSE PRINCE, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN AND MALTA—Keystone Encampment, No. 71, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday evenings in I. O. O. F. Hall.
S. L. KNAPP, Rec. Com.
B. T. DOWNEY, Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 186, meets second, fourth and last Tuesday evenings of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
H. C. GORTON, M. W.
J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.

R. A. U.—Smethport Union, No. 580, meets on second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
E. L. KERMAN, President.
MRS. S. M. VICKERY, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. hall, Buck w Block.
WASHINGTON STARK, Com.
W. H. MORRISON, R. K.

L. O. T. M.—Brown Hive, No. 48. Meets in A. O. U. W. hall, Backus Block, Tuesday afternoon.
MRS. ANNA R. GIFFORD, Com.
MISS MYRTLE HIFFORD, R. K.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 32, meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month in W. C. T. U. hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.
JAMES LYNCH, Pres't.
THOMAS CLARK, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m., in the M. E. Chapel.
MRS. D. L. FORSTNER, Pres't.
MRS. M. E. RICHMOND Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on First and Third Wednesday evenings of each month in Backus Hall. Dr. CHADWICK, Pres.
MRS. WM. MAHER, Secy.

Churches

Methodist Episcopal—JOHN WENTWORTH RAYBOURN, A. M., Pastor. Class Meeting, Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 4 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. Young People's and Teacher's meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m.

Baptist.—REV. T. K. TAYLOR, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Bible school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Young People's prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. every Sunday evening. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m., and the Lord's supper on the first Sunday of every second month. All are welcome.

Episcopal.—J. HERER MCCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Additional services at 4 p. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

All Saints's Memorial Chapel—East Smethport—REV. J. HERER MCCANDLESS, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Sunday School 2:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church.—Rev. Michael Flood, pastor. Mass at 10 a. m. Service at 11 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Union Services at Hicks Corners school house, East Smethport, every Sunday. Sunday School at 1:45 p. m. Preaching at 3:30 p. m. by Rev. T. K. Taylor.

Ridgeway.—REV. W. BURROWS, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.; Class Meeting, 10 a. m. and after evening preaching. Children's Meeting, Saturday 1:30 p. m. All are invited.

Clermont church.—J. M. Leach, pastor. Services every Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; Sunday School at 1:30 p. m.; Gospel Service Wednesday evening. All are invited.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

R. B. Stone,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office: Pompeian Block, Bradford, Pa.

Berry & Edgett,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Rooms 8 and 9, Berry & Mellvin Block, Bradford, Pa.
BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the late firm of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) attended to in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Sheridan Gorton,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and District Attorney of McKean County. Office in the Court House, Smethport, Pa.

Gorton & Gallup,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's Bank, Smethport, Pa.

R. R. SHERMAN,
PENSION ATTORNEY. Claims prosecuted under both old and new law. Special attention given to claims under Act of June 27, 1890. Address
KENDALL CREEK, McKEAN Co., PA.

E. L. Keenan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Court House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

M. H. Hyles,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Room 3 Mannis Temple Building, Bradford, Pa.

C. E. Judd
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Over 19 Main street, Davis Block, Bradford, Pa. Dec. 30, 1896.

A. R. Mayo,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Odd Fellows' Building, over the Post Office, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone.

P. E. Cotter,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bristol, Pa. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

A. G. HECK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office: COUDERSPORT, PA.
R. R. Co. Main & Third Sts., in Mann & Ormond building.

H. S. SHAFFER. M. S. SHAFFER
SHAFFER & SHAFFER,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
KANE, PENNA.

TAKING THE LEAD.

as the LARGEST FURNISHER of CLOAKS, JACKETS, CAPES and FURS for Ladies', Misses' and Children. Few houses this side of New York handle more cloaks than this store. Showing the newest styles, best goods obtainable at the very lowest prices has demonstrated that MARCUS' is the right place to buy Cloaks, Furs.

DRESS GOODS SALE.

If you intend buying a dress it will pay you to visit this department. Fifty pieces new goods at 25c, 39c and 50c. Fifty pieces at 37c, 47c and 57c. Fifty pieces at 65c, 75c and $1 per yard.

WOOLEN AND COTTON UNDERWEAR, a complete assortment from 25c up to $1 each.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Invites you to call and inspect the newest styles in hats and trimmings at popular prices.

Foster Kid Gloves at $1, $1.25 and $1.50, warranted.
Her Majesty's Corsets, the best and strongest made.
Dr. Warner's Corsets at 50c and $1, warranted.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS

from 45c up to $5 a pair.

Cotton Batts, the best full weight at 8c, 10c, 12½ and 15c. Prints for Comforts at 4c, 4½ and 5c per yard.

Save money and time and trade at

H. W. MARCUS'

123 Union Street, Olean, N. Y.

Originator of New Ideas, never a follower. Leader of Low Prices and Reliable Goods. Always ask for Goods Advertised.

Edmund L. Ryan,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Office in GILLIS BLOCK,
KANE, PENNA.

Physicians.

H. L. McCoy.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

John Clark, M. D. C. M.
Office and residence in Reilly Block, Smethport, Pa. Office Hours, 8 to 10 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

J. C. Brown.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in Abbey Building, Main street. Residence in Gleason Building, Smethport, Pa.

G. E. Bennighoff.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 21 Main St., Bradford, Pa. Special attention given to surgery and surgical diseases of women. Office hours from 1:30 to 3:30 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Robert Hamilton, M. D., C. M.,
Office and Residence in Reilly Block, Smethport, Pa. Office hours 8 to 9:30 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

DR. EVAN O'N. KANE,
SURGEON,
AND
CONSULTING PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Surgeon Kane Summit Hospital, Kane, Pa.
In long-term state name of attending physician if any. All summons promptly attended by day or night.

D. E. B. BAKER,
DENTIST.
Teeth extracted without pain. All kinds of dental work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed
Office over McCoy's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
JAMES McGUIRE, PROP'R.
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.,
This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

CHAUTAUQUA HOUSE
Main street, Smethport, Pa., Daniel Bacon, Proprietor.
This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the county. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,
TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,
KANE - - PA.
This Hotel has been recently built and is now ready furnished throughout in the latest style. First-class accommodations for the traveling public.
JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

HOTEL IMPERIAL,
GEO. P. BABCOCK, PROP.
UNION ST., OPPOSITE PARK,
OLEAN, N. Y.
Having taken possession of the above Hotel I am prepared to entertain my old friends, and new ones as well, in the proper manner. Come and see me.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA
Having recently purchased the above Hotel, and made extensive improvements, I am prepared to cater to the traveling public.
C. S. KING, PROPRIETOR.

Hotel La Mont
RECENTLY ENLARGED.
Fraley St., Kane, Penna.
DICK DONOVAN, - - - PROPRIETOR.
The LaMont is located four doors from the depot, and is equipped with all conveniences for the comfort of guests.

CROWELL HOUSE,
COUDERSPORT, PA.
WM. M. VANBUREN, Proprietor.
First-class accommodations.
Free Bus to and from all trains.

BAYER HOUSE,
CLERMONT, PENNA.
This house has just been rebuilt and refurnished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords and the accomodations are all that can be desired. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars.
BOYD & SMITH, Proprietors.
Oct 19, 1896 —1y.

THE PALACE HOTEL,
PETERSON BROS., PROP'RS.
103 UNION STREET, OLEAN, N. Y.
EUROPEAN PLAN.

FOSTER HOUSE,
W. L. FOSTER, Prop.
Lewis Run, Penna.
New house, new furniture. First-class in every respect. Particular attention paid to the traveling public. Good sample rooms for commercial men.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES CONSTIPATION.

LOLA CRAWSHAY
BY
AWMARCHMONT, BA
AUTHOR OF
"MISER HOADLEY'S SECRET"
"THE MYSTERY OF HORSHAM TOWER"
"BY WHOSE HAND"
"THE OLD MILL MYSTERY"
ETC ETC
COPYRIGHT 1897 BY THE AUTHOR

HOTEL IMPERIAL.
J. L. ANDREWS, Propr.,
75 and 77 Main St. BRADFORD, PA.
First-class in every respect. Bar is supplied with the best wines and liquors. European plan.

CHADWICK HOUSE,
CHARLES ADAMS, Proprietor
Larabee, Penn a.
First class in every respect.
Well supplied Bar.
Reasonable Rates.

FARLEY CAFE,
BURDICK & HARVEY, PROP'RS,
Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.
Having purchased this cafe, we have refitted and refurnished it throughout and are now prepared to cater to the wants of the public in an up-to-date manner. The finest wines, liquors and cigars always in stock.

THOMPSON HOUSE,
E. H. THOMPSON, PROP'R.
COUDERSPORT, PA.
Having recently purchased the above property and refitted and refurnished it throughout, I am prepared to entertain the public at large. The best of table service furnished.

THE NEW BAY STATE HOTEL,
A. C. BURLEY, Proprietor,
72-74 Main St. BRADFORD, PA.
This hotel is new throughout, and the best house in the City with popular prices. The bar is unequalled.

BARBER SHOP,
Alfred Sturdevant.
Next door to Gallup's Store, Main St.
Shaving Hair and Dressing
In the latest style of art.
None but first-class workmen employed.
Alfred Sturdevant, Surgeon Chiropodist. Corns removed in a few minutes without pain or soreness. Also treatment for Bunions and ingrowing nails.
BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

W. C. ROCKWELL,
"THE FLOREST,"
BRADFORD, PA.
Cut Flowers for Weddings, Parties and Funerals.
TELEPHONE 190

Re-Opened.

EXCELSIOR MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS.
Is now ready for business and prepared to fill all orders for Marble and Granite work, Cemetery fencing, Etc., Etc.
Works Cor. Franklin & Water Sts.,
Smethport, Pa.
P. O.—LARABEE, PA.

REMOVED TO
The CALLAR BLOCK
JOHN MILLER,
THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR
CUTS OF LATEST STYLES
Free for the Inspection of Customers.
Neatest of Fits Guaranteed.
GIVE ME A TRIAL.
Mention the *Miner* when writing or calling.

SOAPS!
Have you seen our new line of Soaps at 5c. a cake?
Latest Perfumes.
English Hawthorn, Persian Flowers, Marechal Rose and 20 others.
H. C. WELLS, Druggist,
Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.
Life, Fire and Accident
written by
W. F. SPECHT,
SMETHPORT, PA.
In good, reliable companies.

STOP AND SEE
Holder, the Grocery Man.
Opera House Block, Smethport, Pa.
Who solicits a share of your patronage. PRICE CHARM. LOW PRICES.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XXII.

"THE MYSTERY OF WALCOTE MANOR."

The murder of Pierre Torrian soon spread over the whole country. It contained those incidents which attract and hold popular attention, and for some days following the discovery of the body all the newspapers everywhere dealt with it.

The disappearance of Sir Jaffray's wife, the garbled accounts of the manner in which Pierre Torrian had left the manor house, the apparently complete absence of any conclusive proofs of how the deed was done and the social position of the people interested made "The Mystery of Walcote Manor," as it was termed, a nine days' wonder.

Popular suspicion fastened on the fact of Lola's disappearance as strong presumptive evidence of her guilt, and in many papers the fact was commented upon in a manner which left no doubt whatever of the writer's opinion.

A hue and cry was started all over the country, and portraits of Lola in all degrees of unresemblance appeared in all manner of daily and weekly papers, while pen portraits of the most conflicting kinds abounded everywhere.

"If Lady Walcote knows nothing of this most puzzling mystery, why does she not come forward and explain her conduct?" asked one writer. "It is not we, who but point out the facts, who *do her injustice, but she herself* in not making public an explanation," suggested another. "The law of this country very rightly holds all persons innocent until they have been proved guilty, and it is far from our intention," insinuated a third, "to attempt to reverse that *proper attitude in the present case*, but Lady Walcote and those friends who are advising her in this critical time must see that she and they are accepting a very heavy responsibility in not clearing up exactly her relation to this most inscrutable affair."

These were *only some of the* comments, while the reports of every incident that could be got hold of were greedily sought for and used, and at the inquest a small regiment of reporters appeared.

But when all was said and done and *questioned there was nothing came out* that really damaged Lola except the one fact that she had gone away under circumstances which no one could understand.

In the smaller circle of those who knew the facts great curiosity and comment were aroused by the dagger and the bracelet. It was the latter which made the mystery complete, and Inspector Borderham himself was most baffled by this. As he said over and over again, he himself had found the bracelet. Not a soul knew of its having been found until he got to Walcote manor and took it out of his pocket, and therefore he was most emphatic that the only course was to accept the position and look for the person who had done the deed among those who could have access to Leycester Court. For Sir Jaffray himself the time was one of the most distressing trouble, and his disappointment when Lola was not found and did not of her own free will return to the manor was keen and poignant.

"I am afraid she is dead, Beryl," he said on the third day after the discovery of the murder. "She has made away with herself in her sorrow and madness."

"There is nothing to suggest that, nothing more than there was two days ago," replied Beryl, thinking secretly that it could perhaps be the best ending for them all.

"Yes, there is the fact that she has not come back," he answered. "If, which heaven forbid, she did this deed *in her madness and any knowledge* came to her afterward of what she had done, she would do one of two things—either come back at once and own the full truth or lay violent hands on her own life. I know her."

"There is time for her to come back yet. Suppose, *as you say*, that she did this in her delirium. She may yet be wandering somewhere in the same state and may know nothing of what has happened."

"The whole country is ringing with news of the man's death. She could not *fail to hear of it if she were alive.* I tell you she is dead, and if her end were peaceful it is best so." He sighed heavily. "It is an awful thing that I should ever have to say that about her, but I would rather see her dead than mad, and she must be one or the other, or we are all *out of our senses.*"

Beryl did not answer this at once, but sat thinking out the problem as it showed in the light of her own knowledge.

"We may all be out of our senses in that respect, Jaffray. We may be judging her without cause."

"I would to God that I could think so!" he exclaimed, with fierce energy. "I would give my life to feel sure of it, but I can't Beryl, I can't. I have tried to piece the things together that you and I know and to find in them anything but the proofs of her deed, and I can't. Look at the things as I will, they lead me nowhere but to one conclusion. There is not a man in England who if he knew what we know would not think what we *think*. I don't understand the thing. I can't, except on the one supposition that she is mad, and it breaks my heart to think that."

He paused, but Beryl did not break the silence.

"The thing is all so horribly complete! I have talked it over and over with Gifford, trying to get from him a suggestion that may point in another direction, but all his ingenuity cannot offer a hint that the evidence doesn't utterly smash. It is perfectly clear that she left the manor house before this man was killed. It is quite as certain that he wrote to her the letter telling her to meet him. It is clear again that she got the letter, and that she did go to see him, and just as clear that she was there and dropped that bracelet in the struggle with him and used that dagger, and then on the top of all comes this absolutely inexplicable flight. It would all be different if only she were here. If she would come here and lay her hand in mine and tell me she knew nothing of all this, I would believe her and hold out for her innocence against the whole world, mad or sane. But she doesn't come. And yet I take and loathe myself for having the thought that, mad or sane, she could even think of taking the man's life. And the strain of it all is enough to kill one."

Beryl thought it best to let him speak freely and without interruption.

"There *is* only the one thing that I have often mentioned to you that I can't fathom—whether there was any sort of understanding between Lola and that brute. I have thought sometimes—in fact, Gifford suggested the idea to me—that he may have had some kind of hold over her, something that—but, there, I won't try to think in that vein. I wish to heaven I'd had the beggar out and shot him before he caused all this trouble!

"She says in her letter," he said, harking back suddenly to the thought which he had started and left and taking from his pocket Lola's last letter to him, already thumbed and soiled from constant reading, "that she was within an ace of telling me when something I said stopped her. What a fatuous, blundering dolt I must be! If I hadn't checked her, all this misery and tragedy and ruin might have been saved. Oh, how I have cursed myself for that clumsiness!" he cried angrily.

"I see no need for self reproach," said Beryl. "It would have been better if she had been led to speak, but"—

She left the sentence unfinished, and Sir Jaffray looked at her as though to question her.

While he was thinking what to reply the police inspector was announced.

"Excuse my troubling you again, Sir Jaffray," he said—he had already been once that day at the manor house—"but I am on my way to the adjourned inquest, and I thought you would like to know that it has been arranged to complete the inquiry this afternoon and not have another adjournment."

"That is certainly what I wish, inspector."

The inquiry had indeed been somewhat hurried over in deference to the expressed wish of the baronet, while that course also fell in with the inspector's own desires. He had been pleased enough to get the utmost publicity given to the case and had himself secretly helped to insure this end by spreading some few unimportant but telling details.

But now the publicity was getting much greater than he wished, and the comments were taking quite a different form to what he wanted. The papers were trying the case and were handling him rather roughly in the process. Moreover, the details published were such as could not fail to put those implicated, however dense, on their guard and to keep them posted as to the actions of the police; hence the inspector's eagerness to stop the whole thing and by limiting as much as possible the scope of the inquest to hide the intentions and plans of the police.

His ambition was to burke the inquiry at the very moment when public curiosity was at the highest fever point and then suddenly and as if by a kind of police magic produce the culprit and the evidence of guilt. To do this he was prepared to go to quite unusual lengths.

"I don't think we need to go into anything more now but the barest facts," he continued. "We shall have the medical evidence of the cause of death, that the wound could not have been self inflicted and that the blow *must* have been struck by *someone* else. That will be enough to warrant the jury giving a verdict, and that's what we want."

"What will the verdict be, Mr. Borderham?"

"There can be but one, Sir Jaffray—*willful murder by some person or persons unknown.* That's clear. It's the only one that fits the facts."

"And you think the inquiry will finish today?"

"It really rests with me and the coroner, Sir Jaffray, and, in truth, we both thought you would prefer to have the matter ended as soon as possible. We can do no good by prolonging an inquest of the kind, and I am simply not going to offer any evidence which will be likely to drag it out. Personally I don't like working in the light in that way, with all the countryside knowing every step you take. If this thing's ever to be found out at all, it won't be by means of a coroner's jury. It's all a farce and nothing else. It's all right enough for a twopenny halfpenny tin pot case, where the *facts lie as plain in sight as eggs in a thrush's nest*, but where there's serious business inquests are worse than no good."

"I see," said Sir Jaffray shortly.

"Take such a thing as this matter of the dagger, now," continued the inspector, "What *would* a coroner's jury make of that, I should like to know? Suppose I was to tell 'em all the facts—that the dagger was one of two just alike which you brought home from America, and that the bracelet was one of two brought home just *in the same way*, and that, whereas Lady Walcote was missing and Miss Leycester here was on the spot, Miss Leycester's dagger and bracelet had got mixed up in this crime, while Lady Walcote's were both lying where they had always been, one in the cabinet and the other in the jewel case. What do you suppose they would make of that? What could they make of it?"

He stopped and looked at both his hearers in turn, as if waiting for them to speak.

But neither of them said anything, and he continued:

"That would be a poser by itself, but now just throw in a spice of mystery and try to imagine what the effect would be. Suppose I were to read them a letter that has been sent to me to the effect that at the time of the death of this Frenchman in the manner here, had both articles been in their places? What a row there would be! Why we should have all sorts of wild stories repeated everywhere, with all sorts of charges against all sorts of people. And how could I carry on my work of inquiry then?"

He stopped again, but only for a second, and it was evident now to both Sir Jaffray and Beryl that he was speaking with a purpose.

"But I don't work in that way. I simply leave that letter—of course it's anonymous—out of the question, *all* I ask any question, is to how the writer, whoever it is, *comes to know so much* about it. And then I argue thus: If the story be true and these things were put back, no one knows anything about it officially and authoritatively except myself and the people who may be supposed to have done it, and what isn't known officially can always be contradicted. And if it were ever known to be true that any one had, in a moment of misapprehension, done anything of the kind and wanted to cancel the arrangement nothing would be easier, supposing it is not officially known. Publicity, therefore, would be a huge mistake in all interests. No, no, Sir Jaffray; if this thing is ever to be traced, the tracing will have to be done quietly, under the surface, and altogether apart from any coroner's court."

He rose as he said this and made as if to leave the room, and when he reached the door he turned and said:

"You'll be at the inquest, Sir Jaffray? And I suppose there's no possibility of any mistake having been made, of any hoax having been played upon you and Miss Leycester in the matter of that dagger and bracelet. If it is possible in any way, I really think you ought to make some inquiries. It would be well to be able to give the lie to that anonymous writer."

"I shall be at the inquest," answered Sir Jaffray.

Then the police inspector went away, and the baronet turned to Beryl, feeling very uneasy at the unexpected turn matters had taken in regard to the replacing of the dagger and the bracelet.

CHAPTER XXIII.

"HER LADYSHIP, SIR JAFFRAY!"

For some time after the police inspector's departure neither Sir Jaffray nor Beryl spoke a word, both being overcome with astonishment at the hints which Inspector Borderham had dropped.

Beryl was the first to speak and characteristically took the blame upon herself.

"It is my fault," she said. "Oh, Jaffray, I am so sorry!"

"No, no, Beryl; I can't let you blame yourself. I ought to have seen what would *certainly happen, though*, now that it has happened, I am bound to say I am taken absolutely by surprise. Who can possibly have noticed that the things were absent for a time and then put back? At most there can only have been a few hours during which they could *be missed. I wonder!*" he cried and then stopped and exclaimed, "That is too dreadful a thought!"

"What is that?" asked Beryl anxiously.

"Can it be possible that any one can have seen Lola take that dagger *out of the cabinet?*"

"I had not thought of that. It can't be possible. Even if she did take it she would be cautious not to be seen."

"If!" he repeated. "If! I wish with all my heart I could feel that if. What I fear is that in the frenzy in which she *must have acted she would be utterly* heedless of anything and anybody and not give a thought to the question whether she was seen or not. But that is not the point now. I am mad with myself for ever having brought your name into this most miserable affair. The *thing has been brutted all over the* kingdom now, and to draw back seems as difficult as to go on."

"Why not go through with it?" asked Beryl firmly.

"Because we cannot. It is a sheer impossibility. So long as there was no *question* asked and the weapons remained to speak for themselves there was no serious responsibility. Heaven knows I had no intention of doing anything wrong. I know your object, Beryl, well enough, and I cannot tell you how inexpressibly grateful I am to you for it, but we have *been wrong.* We have tried to set the honor of our family before the truth, and now we see the result. I have tried to shield my poor, misguided wife, and I've sacrificed you instead. I've been miserably selfish just when I ought to have been most careful to guard you."

"I think you blame yourself without cause, Jaffray. I am not one bit ashamed of what I have done. I would stand up tomorrow in the face of all England and tell what I did, and, what is more, I would do it again tomorrow, and I don't believe the bulk of people would blame me. If they did, I should not care," she added, flushing in her enthusiasm, "if I had helped you."

"Spoken like my dear, dear old friend and playmate, Beryl," he said, taking her hand and pressing it. "You brace *one's faith in human nature*, and I believe with you that the world would not blame you for what has happened, but that would only make my responsibility the greater. But now there is no use in regretting. I must find out what we can do."

"Do you think *really* that Mr. Borderham has had that letter?"

"Unquestionably I do, and, what is more, he means us to understand that he will act upon it if I make it necessary for him. I will go to the inquest and hear what transpires, and then I will have a talk with Gifford. I must speak plainly to him."

"He knows," said Beryl.

"How do you mean?" asked the baronet quickly.

Beryl told him what Mr. Gifford had said to her about the absence of dust on the dagger and the significant way he had spoken.

Sir Jaffray listened with a gathering frown of regret and annoyance.

"Borderham may have suspected it *even then*," he said. "Those men don't carry about faces like open books. I'll speak to Gifford and see what happens at the inquest. Meantime try to think I am really and honestly troubled to have brought this on you."

He stood for a moment near her, as *if going to say more*, and Beryl, thinking this, did not reply, but he said nothing, and at the close of a somewhat embarrassed pause he went out of the room, just turning by the door to smile to her.

She was a little puzzled by his conduct, and with a frown of perplexity on her forehead she sat for a minute or two thinking of it all. Then she smiled to herself very slightly and murmured: "I'm glad I did it. Whatever happens they can't do anything very dreadful to me, and Jaffray must see I did it for his sake." Then she went upstairs to Lady Walcote's rooms.

At the inquest everything went as Inspector Borderham had anticipated. He offered just such evidence as he thought necessary, and the coroner summed up the case on the evidence presented. One juryman was disposed to question the desirability of not going into more of the facts, but the other 11, who had been drawn correctly from the Walcote estates, and their cue from the foreman and declared themselves perfectly satisfied and gave their verdict in the exact terms the inspector had prophesied that they would.

"And now," said the inspector to Mr. Gifford and Sir Jaffray when it was all over and the courtroom was emptying fast—"now begins the serious business of the investigation."

"You've had some anonymous letter, I hear, about the weapon," said Mr. Gifford, to whom the baronet had already spoken. "Do you mind my seeing it?"

"Not in the least. Here it is." And he produced it. "You see the suggestion," he said pointedly.

"And a most monstrous one it is," exclaimed Mr. Gifford, "a most monstrous one! I suppose you haven't a ghost of an idea who wrote this?"

"If I had, I am afraid I could hardly tell you, Mr. Gifford," was the reply, given with a smile, "but I have not. I am thinking where to look."

"Go on I," returned the other shortly. "Who is there owes you a grudge, Sir Jaffray—Miss Leycester or, for that matter, Lady Walcote either? Hate of some kind inspired that letter."

"I am at a loss even to guess," replied Sir Jaffray.

"May I take a tracing of a bit of the letter, Mr. Borderham?" And without waiting for permission Mr. Gifford did so, rapidly and cleverly, and handed the letter back to the inspector, and then Sir Jaffray and the private detective walked back together to the manor house, the baronet explaining more fully all that had passed.

"What do you think of it, Mr. Gifford?" he asked at the close.

"I can't see it all yet, but I have a suspicion. I think the better plan will be to hold out against the inspector's hint, at any rate for a time. It's clear enough what he means. What he wants is to be spared the trouble of having to solve the mystery of the weapon, and somebody seems to want to help him. Who's that somebody?"

"I can't imagine."

"Exactly. Neither can I at present, but we must find that out. In the first place, is it a somebody at all, or is it just a dodge of our friend Borderham? If he had a ghost of an idea that anything of the kind had been done, it's all on the cards he'd get such a letter written *to himself just to bounce us into* throwing that trump card down on the table. It stands to common sense that he'd give a lot to get the difficulty of that dagger business cleared up, and if he could show that it really was Lady Walcote's dagger and not Miss Leycester's it would be a good enough thing for him to conclude that Lady Walcote was the person wanted. And, don't make any mistake, that inspector would give half his soul to spot the truth in this thing. I never saw a man keener. He scents promotion in it, removal to a *busy center and reputation as a clever* spot—I mean, detective. I know him."

"His manner was in the highest degree courteous to me," said Sir Jaffray in reply.

"'Cause he's no fool," was the blunt answer. "He wants to stand well with *you, and, if anything is to be found out* that will pain you, to have it seem to be forced out. But he's quite clever enough to try to use you all the same, Sir Jaffray. You see, he argues in this way: If there's been any exchange of these daggers, he can frighten you to *go running off to your solicitor in the* fear that you may be involved *as* some sort of accessory"—

"Do you mean"— began the baronet hurriedly, taking alarm for Beryl's sake at the other's words and bursting in with his interruption.

"Wait a moment, sir, please, and try to hear what I have to say. He wants to frighten you to go rushing off to tell some very respectable, steady going solicitor all the facts, knowing full well that such a man's first advice will be to you to take Borderham's hint and make the change again while the chance seems open"—

"If there is any possibility," interrupted Sir Jaffray again, when his companion cut him short once more:

"Please, please, please allow me and do try to hear me patiently. If you do that, Borderham will not hesitate one minute. He'll be off to the nearest J. P. and get a warrant for Lady Walcote's arrest. At present he has absolutely nothing to go on, but the fact of her ladyship's absence and the circumstance that there was a quarrel on the morning *of the day about her as the result of* which you turned the Frenchman out of the house. That's all the evidence he's got, because we've got all the rest, and at best it's only mere flimsy suspicion. But add the fact of the dagger found in the man's heart being the *property of her ladyship*, and you have just that substantial evidence on which a man can work and act. You see that?"

"Yes, yes. Of course," assented the baronet hurriedly.

"Exactly. Well, then, if it's bounce, it's clear that you had better not give the *thing away yet. But I'm not dis*posed to think it's bounce. I believe he did receive a letter."

"Well, but who could send such a thing?"

"Precisely. We'll see about that presently. First let us see what we *ought to do in this matter, supposing* the letter's genuine. What can he do? He won't threaten you. He knows better than to do that for personal reasons. If you were a poor and obscure individual, and if Miss Leycester were a wretched, friendless girl; nothing would be easier than to take you both by the throat, so to speak, and just shake the knowledge out of you. There's no difference between rich and poor in the eye of the law, you know, but there's a deal of difference between 'em in the hands of the police, I can tell you," said Mr. Gifford dryly.

"As it is," he continued after a pause, "the inspector comes to you all soft tongued and pleasant, hints that if you've been hoaxed you may wish to see that the thing is put *right*, and so on. I know all that sort of talk, and, putting it bluntly, it means that so long as you don't speak he daren't try to make you unless—unless, mind you, he can get some definite, positive evidence. You needn't bother yourself one *little bit about the thing yet*, therefore, but when he comes, as he will, of course, you can just say that you wouldn't think of doing anything, because some skulking coward has written as an anonymous letter what a newspaper penny a liner might hint for the purpose of *getting up a sensation*, and if—excuse my giving you a hint—if you'll put on a little grandee manner and tell him you are surprised he should let himself be fooled by an anonymous correspondent you may do a good deal to check him."

"This is all very distasteful to me, Mr. Gifford," said Sir Jaffray after he had thought over the other's suggestion.

"I've no doubt it is, Sir Jaffray," returned his companion shortly, "but the alternative is an immediate warrant for Lady Walcote's arrest on the charge of murder."

"But I object very strongly to any course that entails this deceit and falsehood. I have no right to put this indignity upon Miss Leycester. If she were questioned"—

"She'd be quite equal to keeping Mr. Borderham at bay," interposed Mr. Gifford bluntly. "The world isn't a palace of truth, sir, and if

Wilcox County Times

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

[illegible] Weekly Tribune, one year [illegible]

[illegible] and Philadelphia Weekly Press, one year, $1.00.

Sample copies sent free on application.

ADVERTISING RATES.

[illegible] published at the rates [illegible] One square, first insertion, $1.00; each subsequent insertion, 50 cts. Liberal discount to [illegible] by the year, half or quarter column. [illegible] $1.00 per year. [illegible] $1.00 per year for each additional [illegible]

Notices of Births, $1.00 each, payable in advance. Marriages and Death notices inserted free.

Letters and communications on business of the paper should be addressed to the [illegible]

Publishers and advertisers' notices, $1.00 per square.

All communications must be signed by the writer's name, or they will not be published.

Address all communications to

ELIAS OLSON,
Editor and Prop'r.

SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, OCT. 29, 1897.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
JAMES S. BEACOM,
of Westmoreland county.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
LEVI G. McCAULEY,
of Chester county.

FOR ADDITIONAL LAW JUDGE,
THOMAS A. MORRISON,
of Smethport.

FOR CORONER,
E. R. SHERMAN,
of Bradford.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
WALTER OSTRANDER,
of Liberty Township.

PENNSYLVANIA
THE REPUBLICAN PARTY STANDS FOR
PROSPERITY AND DOLLAR
STEADY WORK GOOD WAGES
Get out the Vote Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1897

VOTE for T. A. Morrison.

BEWARE of the eleventh hour campaign lies.

PUT a cross at the head of the first column on the ticket.

DID a Republican ever better his condition by voting the Democratic ticket?

PUT the party of "perfidy and dishonor" on a rear seat, and Republicans to the front.

NO REPUBLICAN should shirk his duty next Tuesday. Vote the straight Republican ticket.

REMEMBER the four years of Democratic misrule that we have just passed through and vote a straight Republican ticket.

THE MINER presents its many readers with the honest and candid views of the McKean Democrat when unbiassed by partisan views of Judge Morrison. Read them carefully.

H. E. SHERMAN, our candidate for coroner is well worthy of the support of every Republican in the county. When the nation's life was at stake he bravely offered himself for the defense of our flag. Remember his noble conduct and on next Tuesday see that he gets a rousing majority.

ONCE more the MINER calls the attention of the voters to the campaign lie that is being freely circulated around the county, "that if Judge Morrison is re-elected and serves ten years he will be pensioned for life." THERE IS NO SUCH LAW IN PENNSYLVANIA, WHICH ANY LAWYER CAN TELL. Do not be fooled, but vote the straight Republican ticket.

THE MINER is reliably informed that prominent and influential Democrats from all sections of the 48th Judicial District will support Judge Morrison. This is very pleasing news and is a just appreciation of an upright judge. The question then arises, why should any Republican simply because he has failed to win a lawsuit oppose Judge Morrison, for he merely executes the law as he finds it. Republicans should rise above such pettiness and honor a man for doing his duty without fear or favor.

PRIOR to the transfer of the management of the Bradford Sunday Herald by Fred. Cooper to other parties, that journal did effective work for the re-election of Judge Morrison. After the Professor sold his interest the Herald was a Mullin supporter. Two weeks ago Mr. Cooper again assumed control of the Herald. Now under his management the Herald advocates the election of Eugene Mullin. Will Fred. Cooper have the kindness to explain to his readers this kaleidoscopic change in his political views. The single vessel of a Mullin shaft must have also effected work to them quickly change his political views in such short speech. There are rapid changes that are surprising in this campaign.

THE MINER takes pleasure in urging all Republicans to support Hon. T. A. Morrison for Additional Law Judge of the 48th Judicial District. He has served his ten years on the bench without fear or favor, only striving to administer the law as he found it on the statute books of the State. He may have made some mistakes. Who has not? But they are so few in the ten years as to be hardly worthy of notice. When Judge Morrison was re-nominated last spring there was hardly a respectable guard in the entire district who would not say that he was worthy of being renominated. Give our hard [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Republicans should [illegible] Morrison.

DOLLAR AND THE CHICAGO PLATFORM.

Prominent among the principles set forth by the Chicago platform were the declarations which demanded free and unlimited coinage of silver and a tariff for revenue only. A little more than one year has passed since that platform was adopted, and now it is demonstrated that those principles were false in theory and could not stand the logic of events. The arguments advanced in support of free coinage have been utterly refuted by time and history, and the predictions of its prophets, contradicted by experience have become the scoff and derision of the world. When the campaign of 1896 was running, they told us that the maintenance of a gold standard would overwhelm the country with disaster; that silver would rise and products fall; that industry would be paralyzed and agricultural interests wither in the grasp of capitalists and an unscrupulous monetary power. A gold standard WAS maintained and yet the converse of these dire prophecies has proven true.

Industries have revived, silver has fallen and farm products have advanced, and the agriculturalists of the country are rejoicing in the dawn of prosperity which strengthens hope and promises the most munificent rewards. So completely has the fallacy of free silver been crushed that its most devoted and prominent advocates have counseled its complete elimination from the political canvass now pending in the States holding general elections. Not more happy was the fate of "tariff for revenue only." Under the administration of President Cleveland its principles were applied. But under its withering grasp industries languished, commerce shrank, our gold was shipped to foreign shores to pay the balance of trade against us and the national treasury was depleted. In a time of peace—no armies mustering, no warlike demonstrations requiring unusual outlays—the Administration was frequently compelled to borrow money to meet the ordinary expenses of government. Bonds to the amount of more than sixty millions of dollars were issued by the government to pay its running expenses.

Never before in the history of this country was such a crisis reached in time of peace; and never before did the doctrine of tariff for revenue only meet such signal and severe rebuke. A rebuke, not administered by political economists, nor by party leaders endeavoring to rise to power upon the wings of popular clamor, but by the acts, the dire necessities of the government reduced to distress by the application of these principles. At the ballot box they were repudiated and now prosperity is dawning.

But beyond all doctrines of finance and trade that platform advanced a heresy more dangerous still. Practically, though not in express terms, it sowed the seeds of anarchism as taught by Altgeld and his followers. It denounced the general government for protecting United States officers in the execution of their duties, and for enforcing the national laws. That this may not be regarded as a wanton or unguarded statement let us review some facts.

In the summer of 1894 a vast combination of strikers in the West determined to assert their principles by fire and sword. They were marshalled under leaders; they carried red flags; they marched under arms. Their resistance to State and Federal authority was little less than armed insurrection. The outrages committed are not to be imputed to the labor organizations but rather to that element which always stands ready to take advantage of every popular demonstration, the idle, the lawless and depraved. In their blind and savage fury peaceable citizens were attacked and slain, property amounting to millions upon millions of dollars was destroyed, interstate commerce was totally intercepted, United States mails were stopped in transmission and United States marshals were resisted and contemned. Local authority was unable to cope with such formidable violence and the national militia was called out. President Cleveland sent a force of the National Guards into the State of Illinois to enforce the laws of Congress in regard to inter-State commerce, to protect United States mails from violence and pillage and to protect the officers of the government in the execution of their duties. But this wise, lawful and necessary act of the government met the censure of the Chicago sages. With reference to these very outrages—for it could have reference to none other—the Chicago platform declared, "we denounce arbitrary interference by Federal authority in local affairs as a violation of the Constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions."

This platform, containing heresies repudiated by the people and refuted by events, denouncing the general government for protecting its own property and enforcing the laws of Congress, was, in the campaign of 1896, endorsed by Eugene Mullin, Democratic candidate for Additional Law Judge. Nay more, in 1897 he accepted the nomination for the office above named from the Democratic convention of McKean county upon a platform adopted by that convention reaffirming and endorsing the principles of the Chicago platform, thus making his own endorsement of the latter doubly expressive and unalterably fixed.

In the election of borough, township and other local officers whose duties are purely ministerial, we can afford to be liberal in our views, and their political opinions may be regarded as almost insignificant. But when a law judge is to be elected, an officer who must, by force of his position, be a commanding factor in the administration of the government itself, we cannot be indifferent to his ideas of government and law. We do not say Mr. Mullin would justify mob rule or would assail the government for enforcing the national laws. But he did endorse the Chicago platform. If he knew the pernicious character of that platform and disapproved it, he had no right to accept a nomination upon a platform endorsing it. If he did not perceive the dangerous tendency of its teachings, he lacks the understanding and penetration which belong to a judge. In no event should he be placed in a position where he can by any possible conjunction of circumstances, be able to give the weight of judicial sanction to the principles which he has endorsed.

JUDGE MORRISON'S INDORSEMENT.

Below will be found an honest opinion by the Democratic journals of this county when Judge Morrison's name was first announced. The first article is from the McKean Democrat of Feb. 8, '97. Republican voters can judge of the high esteem in which Judge Morrison was held by Democrats at that time. He is just as worthy of your hearty support now:

"We reproduce in to-day's Democrat an editorial which appeared in the Philadelphia Times of last Friday commending the endorsement of Hon. T. A. Morrison by the Democrats of the 48th Judicial District as a candidate for Additional Law Judge in the event of the Republicans making Mr. Morrison their candidate, and there does not appear to be very much question as to that. As we remarked two weeks ago Judge Morrison and the Democrat radically differ in politics in the general acceptance of the term, but we would be doing both Judge Morrison and the Democrat a gross injustice if we did not award him the well-earned praise of having served the 48th Judicial District in an able and impartial manner during the past ten years in the capacity of Judge. In saying this we can not help going further in the matter and endorse what the Times has so well and truthfully said in regard to the Democrats making Judge Morrison's nomination unanimous. There is no well-informed man in the 48th Judicial District who is not well aware that Mr. Morrison will succeed himself in any event; therefore what need is there of engendering unnecessary strife in a hopeless effort to elect a Democratic Additional Law Judge in this district. Judge Morrison has been tried and not found wanting in any attribute, and as the Philadelphia Times well says, during his incumbency of the high office he now holds he has met with very few reversals in the higher court of the State, the Democrats of McKean and Potter counties will not only be doing themselves credit, but lend dignity to an office which should be kept divorced from politics, by giving Judge Morrison a hearty and enthusiastic endorsement for renomination and re-election. On these grounds the Democrat endorses every word of the Times' article."

(Smethport Democrat, Jan. 21, 1897.)

"At the head of these columns will be found the announcement of Hon. T. A. Morrison, who is a candidate for renomination for Additional Law Judge of the 48th Judicial District, subject to the rules of the Republican party. While the political affiliations of Judge Morrison and those of the Democrat are diametrically opposite, that fact does not prevent us from awarding him the well-merited praise of having served the 48th Judicial District for ten years in the capacity of Additional Law Judge in a most able and satisfactory manner. In September, 1887, soon after McKean county was made a separate judicial district, with Potter county attached, Governor Beaver appointed Mr. Morrison Additional Law Judge. At the November election following Judge Morrison was elected to the same position for the full term of ten years ending November 1, 1897. Since Judge Morrison has been on the bench he has demonstrated time and again his capacity for the position, and we are keeping fully within bounds when we say that there are very few Common Pleas Judges in the State who have gained a more enviable reputation during their first term than has Judge Morrison. Such being the case he is perfectly justified in asking for a renomination for a position which he has filled so ably for a period of nearly ten years. At this writing the Democrat is not advised as to whether Judge Morrison will have any opposition to his election, but we are free to say that his record on the bench will make him a formidable candidate should he be renominated, and we take it that there is not much question that his party will make his nomination unanimous."

(Bradford Sunday Herald, Jan. 24, 1897.)

"The Herald announces at the head of its editorial column to day the candidacy of Hon. T. A. Morrison for Additional Law Judge of the 48th Judicial District. Judge Morrison, during his incumbency, has shown himself to be upright, impartial and conscientious in judicial renderings. His judgment on points of technicality has been demonstrated to be good by corroborative Supreme Court decisions. He is thoroughly competent, alike from a literary and judicial standpoint and will, if elected again to the responsible position he has so ably filled, continue that dignity of character and judicial ability which has distinguished his past administration."

MALICIOUS STATEMENTS.

The McKean County Democrat, in its last issue, maliciously misrepresented Hon. T. A. Morrison, Republican candidate for additional law judge, and wantonly and deliberately published false statements concerning his record during his present term upon the bench. The Democrat's statements were published with a full knowledge that they were false, their only purpose being to injure Judge Morrison's prospects and possibly aid the candidacy of his opponent. Below will be found an affidavit by County Prothonotary Mitchell which very properly calls the lurn on the Democrat and shows up the excellent record of Judge Morrison as it really is:

McKEAN COUNTY, SS.:

I, Geo. W. Mitchell, prothonotary of the court of common pleas in and for the county aforesaid, do hereby certify that I have carefully examined the records of said county and, that of the 49 cases tried and heard by Hon. T. A. Morrison, judge, in McKean county, during the past ten years, and taken to the Superior or Supreme Courts, on appeal or writ of error, 42 were either affirmed or abandoned and discontinued, and only seven were reversed. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal at Smethport this 23d day of October, 1897.

GEO. W. MITCHELL,
[OFFICIAL SEAL] Prothonotary.

BEFORE the next issue of the MINER reaches its readers the general election of 1897 will be a thing of the past. We trust our Republican friends will do their duty—vote a straight ticket, and especially avoid giving a complementary vote for Eugene Mullin. The Democrats are using every means known in politics to elect their candidate for judge. Then do not by complementary votes endanger the election of a tried and true man for one who has had no experience as judge.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., Chief, says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for coughs, colds, whooping cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at A. B. Armstrong & Co.'s drug store.

FREE silver was the chief plank of the Ohio platform, but it must have been either dropped out of the platform or else been dressed down from a regular lush plank to quarter lush stuff.

JUDGE MORRISON'S REVENGE.

Some Democratic editors are publishing very unfair and misleading reports relative to the number of times Judge Morrison has been reversed by the Supreme Court. The record shows that during his term of office writs of error and appeal were taken to the higher courts from McKean county, in forty-nine cases, and only seven of these were reversed. The other forty-two cases were affirmed by the Supreme Court, except those that were non-pressed and withdrawn by the parties. It must be conceded from this record that Judge Morrison was considered, by the higher court, and the interested attorneys, as being right in forty-two out of forty-nine cases. During the same term the Judge was reversed four times in Potter county, if Dent vs. Huntley and Huntley vs. Goodyear be counted as two cases. But they grew out of the same transaction and are controlled by the same rules of law and in all fairness, those cases can only be counted as ONE. Thus it will be seen that Judge Morrison has been reversed practically once a year since he has been on the bench, or ten times out of about fifty-four cases that were carried to the higher courts.

Now as to the statement that Judge Morrison was reversed six times out of seven in one year. This is well known to the man who made it to be unfair and untrue. The First National Bank of Lock Haven vs. Peltz in Potter county was reversed in 1896 and so was the case of Brown vs. Pettit in McKean county, these two cases not being on the list in the Supreme Court for the past year. Of the other four cases published in the Democrat, two were the Dent and Huntley cases above mentioned. The other two, Road in Otto township and Boyd vs. The Carbon Company were argued and reversed in 1897. The case of Morrison vs. Seaman, mentioned in the Democrat was also argued in 1897 and has not been decided. The Road in Otto township was a constitutional question under a recent Act of Assembly, and this act had been commented upon and enforced by four other Common Pleas Judges when it came before Judge Morrison, and he, from the bench, expressed his doubts on the constitutional question, but thought best to keep in line with the other Judges and let the higher court determine the question.

In 1897 appeals were taken in McKean county from seven of Judge Morrison's decisions and two of these cases were reversed, viz., Road in Otto township and Boyd's appeal. One was affirmed, viz.: Blakesly Manufacturing Company vs. Hilton Chemical Company No. 38, February Term, 1896. Three of these cases were nonpressed by the Supreme Court, which left Judge Morrison's decisions to stand, and the other one, Morrison vs. Seaman, has not yet been decided. It is entirely safe to say that during the last ten years Judge Morrison has made more than a thousand close decisions that have not been appealed from, the attorneys and parties being satisfied that he was correct. The facts given here were obtained from the records of the courts of McKean and Potter counties and cannot be gainsaid.

There is no question about Judge Morrison's record standing comparison with the leading Judges of the State. Judge Olmsted has the reputation of being one of the very best judges in the State, and yet he has been reversed five times by the Supreme Court during the last ten years, in cases from McKean county, and he probably did not decide one-half as many cases in that county, during that term, as did Judge Morrison. Judge Walter H. Lowrie, a former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court was afterward elected as President Judge of Crawford county. During one year of his term on the Common Pleas bench of that county he was reversed twelve times. And yet he has always been considered one of the ablest judges having filled the position of Chief Justice and was elected to a seat on the Supreme bench on the Democratic State ticket. Judge Morrison's record will stand a fair and decent investigation, but tricksters and pettifoggers may, for political purposes, make it look confusing to persons who only get their version of it.—Kane Republican.

PILES PERMANENTLY CURED.

In from 3 to 6 days' time by the use of Lo-Mo. One bottle guaranteed to cure any case of piles, regardless of how long standing, what you have tried, or what your physician may claim. Money refunded if permanent cure is not obtained in the most severe cases in less than 5 days' time. After all others fail get Lo-Mo and be cured. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all first-class druggists, or sent prepaid to any address on receipt of price. Address Harry Logue, Williamsport, Pa.

A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of la grippe and recognizing it as dangerous he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations included therein, we concluded to make a first trial of the medecine. To say that it was satisfactory in its results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic and the result was a speedy and permanent cure. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent cough remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.—The Banner of Liberty, Libertytown, Maryland. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold A. B. Armstrong & Co., druggists.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. All druggists.

Trio and Two.

Thousands have tried Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin for constipation, indigestion and sick headache and have found it true to the claim made for it, viz: That it is the best remedy now before the good people for the relief of stomach troubles. Trial size 10c, large size 50c and $1.00 of A. B. Armstrong & Co.

WARNING:—Persons who suffer from coughs and colds should heed the warnings of danger and save themselves suffering and fatal results by using One Minute Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

For Rent.

On Oct. 1st the rooms over Lemmler's harness shop will be vacant. These are fine rooms and the rent is reasonable. Inquire of R. C. GLEASON,
36-tf Smethport, Pa.

This is the best time of year to have pictures taken of your residences, barns, farms, etc. Gleason will do the work right. 25-tf

SILVER and wheat keep together. Yes. They are each worth about a dollar a bushel.

A. B. Armstrong & Co. guarantees the American Silver Tube to give entire satisfaction or refund money.

4 lb. feather pillows 65c. Alarm clocks 85c. SACKETT.

God Save the Commonwealth!

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and providing certain returns in regard to such elections," approved the 19th day of June, A. D. 1895, I, J. Davis, High Sheriff of the county of McKean, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of McKean county, that a general election will be held in the said county of McKean on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1897, (being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month), for the purpose of electing the following officers, viz:

One person for STATE TREASURER.
One person for AUDITOR GENERAL.
One person for JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
One person for CORONER.
One person for JURY COMMISSIONER.

I also make known and give notice that the following is a correct list of the nominations for the respective offices above recited, namely:

REPUBLICAN.

For State Treasurer, James S. Beacom.
For Auditor General, Levi G. McCauley.
For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Thomas A. Morrison.
For Coroner, E. R. Sherman.
For Jury Commissioner, Walter Ostrander.

DEMOCRATIC.

For State Treasurer, M. E. Brown.
For Auditor General, Walter E. Ritter.
For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Eugene Mullin.
For Coroner, James C. Walker.
For Jury Commissioner, William Brooder.

PROHIBITION.

For State Treasurer, Silas C. Swallow.
For Auditor General, William W. Lathrope.
For Coroner, Sylvenus M. Love.
For Jury Commissioner, William H. Dennis.

SOCIALIST LABOR.

For State Treasurer, William H. Thomas.
For Auditor General, J. Mahlon Barnes.

LIBERTY.

For State Treasurer, Amos Steelsmith.
For Auditor General, James C. Hogue.

INDEPENDENT.

For State Treasurer, William H. Thompson.

PEOPLES.

For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Eugene Mullin.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships, boroughs and wards within the county of McKean, are as follows, to-wit:

The township of Annin at the building known as Simpson's store, at Turtle Point.

BRADFORD CITY.

First ward, First district—At Armory Hall, Corydon street.
First ward, Second district—C. J. Lane's building, on Boylston street, near Pine.
Second ward, First district—At the Universalist church, Corydon street.
Second ward, second district—At Edgett's barn.
Third ward—At 123 Washington street.
Fourth ward—In the barn of F. A. Sanford at No. 56 Foreman street.
Fifth ward—Roberts' tank shop on Main street, near bridge.
Sixth ward—At the building known as the "Farmer's Hotel," on Main street, in said ward.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

First district—At Jewett Hall, Custer City.
Second district—At the Clark school house, in said district.
The township of Ceres at the Ceres village school house.

CORYDON TOWNSHIP.

First district—At the house of H. D. Toms, on Willow creek.
Second district—At a building near the school house known as the Thomas Conover school house, in Warrant No. 3532, on road leading up Sugar Creek to Marshburg, near the residence of E. N. Holmes.
The borough of Eldred at hose house, Edison street.
The township of Eldred at a new building on the Barden Brook road.

FOSTER TOWNSHIP.

First district—The lower floor of the A. O. U. W. hall, at Derrick City, in said district.
Second district—In the A. F. Corwin building at Corwin Centre.

HAMLIN TOWNSHIP.

First district—In an addition to what is known as the "Company Store," at Hazel Hurst.
Second district—At Lantz's store.
The borough of Mt. Jewett at the "Hall of A. G. Phillips, in said said borough."

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP.

First district—At the school house in Ludlow.
Second district—Ground floor of Maccabees hall, at Dunkle.

HEATING TOWNSHIP.

First district—On first floor of a building owned by Miller C. Beckles, formerly occupied by J. H. Stall as a bolting house, nearly opposite and northeast of the Western New York & Pennsylvania Railroad Company's station, in East Smethport, Pa.
Second district—At Bishop's building, at Farmers Valley.
Third district—At A. Barnhart's building, Davis.

KANE BOROUGH.

First ward—At Hotel Lamont, west side of Fraley street.
Second ward—At City Hall, corner of Chase and Sayard street.
Third ward—At the sample room, Thompson House.

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP.

First district—In the south room on the first floor of the Odd Fellows building at Mt. Alton, in said district.
Second district—At the village of Big Shanty, in the basement of the building known as the Maccabees hall, in this district.
Third district—At the town hall at Lafayette Corners.
The township of Liberty in a building near the grocery store of K. Findley at a point on the Smethport road about 30 rods northwest from the bridge crossing the river from the borough of Port Allegany.
The borough of Port Allegany, second story of public building.

NORWICH TOWNSHIP.

First district—Norwich township hall.
Second district—At a building erected by the Commissioners at Gardeau.

OTTO TOWNSHIP.

First district—In the building known as "Upton Hall" in the village of Duke Centre in said district.
Second district—At A. O. U. W. Hall, Rixford.
The borough of Smethport in southeast corner of basement of Court House.

WETMORE TOWNSHIP.

First district—At the cheese factory, East Kane.
Second district—In the building of Mrs. Albert Johnson known as the John Scott building, situated about 75 rods east of the N. M. Orr buildings, where the said elections have heretofore been held, the said Scott building being on the West Kane road.

SERGEANT TOWNSHIP.

First district—At hall of Bayer & Boyd.
Second district—In house of Mary Allison, at Burning Well.

Polls to be open at 7 o'clock a. m. and to be closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

I also make known and give notice that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States or of this State or of any city or incorporated district whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, Executive or Judiciary department of this State or of the United States or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the Select or Common Council of any city or Commissioners of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Given under my hand this 8th day of October, A. D. 1897.

J. F. DAVIS, Sheriff.

Assignee's Notice.

In re assignment of James Carter doing business as Carter & Company to A. G. Phillips in trust for the creditors of the said James Carter.

In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Penna. No. 261, June Term, 1896

To all Parties Concerned:

Take notice that A. G. Phillips, assignee of James Carter doing business as Carter & Company has filed his first and partial account of trust as such assignee, and the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas, for allowance, at a session of said Court to be held at Smethport, Pa., on Wednesday, November 3rd, A. D. 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m., and the same will then be allowed and confirmed absolutely, unless cause be shown why the same should not be allowed.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Prothonotary.
Smethport, Pa., October 8th, 1897.—41-3t.

WANTED—A position as book-keeper or stenographer by a young lady graduate. She is thoroughly prepared and anxious for experience. Moderate salary. She is one of the very finest writers in the State. Send for a specimen of her work if you have a position of any kind to offer. Address Bradford Business College of Employment, Bradford, Pa.

NEW
WAGON and CARRIAGE SHOP.

Having purchased the wood work department of C. W. Ingersoll, I am prepared to do all kinds of

WAGON and CARRIAGE WORK.

CARRIAGE PAINTING done in best style.

JOHN SERVATIUS, Smethport, Pa.

T. H. Purtle,
Smethport, Pa.,

has the following For Sale at reasonable prices:

Two Top Buggies
One Three Spring Wagon
Two Farm Wagons, 4-in. tires
One Heavy Lumber Wagon
One Second-hand Lumber Wagon.

These will be sold at cost:

Fifteen sets of Buggy wheels
One dozen Buggy poles
Two dozen pairs of thills
2000 feet of clear pine siding
3000 feet of flooring and ceiling.

Chickering Pianos

and other leading makes of

PIANOS & ORGANS.

E. L. Smith & Co.,
Sole Agents.
Masonic Temple, Olean, N. Y.

THE BICYCLE SENSATION!

1897 COLUMBIAS, STANDARD OF THE WORLD,	AT	$75
1896 COLUMBIAS.	AT	60
1897 HARTFORDS.	AT	50
HARTFORDS. PAT. 2.	AT	45
HARTFORDS. PAT. 1.	AT	40
HARTFORDS. PAT. 0-0-0.	AT	30

These are the new prices. They have set the whole bicycle world talking—and buying.

M. L. ARMSTRONG, Agent,
Catalogue Free. Smethport, Penna.

TRADE AT FORD'S IT PAYS.

You are Always Welcome.

Plain Facts.

People are gradually coming to their senses, and they turn their backs on the trashy mess that is made to masquerade as bargains and come to FORD'S RED FRONT for their Good, Reliable Clothing. If you want CHEAP SUITS, we have them, but they are well made and trimmed. Men's Suits as low as $4.98. We have the best line of Children's School Suits in Olean. Our Fall Hats are here. Have all the new colors—English Brown, Dark Green, Black, Wine, Etc., in all the new shapes.

FORD'S RED FRONT,
158 Union Street,
OLEAN, - - - - N. Y.

Fall Millinery.

My stock has recently arrived and for style and quality it cannot be excelled.

FALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS.

My new stock of single patterns is unequalled in this section. All the latest patterns—no two alike.

LADIES' FURNISHINGS.

Everything in this line that the most fanciful could desire. Don't fail to see my stock before purchasing.

Mrs. E. E. Chambers,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Spring and Summer Suits.

Leave your orders now for suits. The patterns this year are way above the average, and our tailoring department was never so complete. In addition to this we carry an unrivaled stock of

READY-MADE SUITS,

For all ages. Children's suits from $1.00 up. Prices that correspond with the times.

Call and we will convince you that there not a clothing house outside of the very large cities that will give you such real bargains.

H. W. Rubin & Co.,
The Clothiers,

Ice Cream Soda at
Brasted's

NEW STYLES OF STOVES.

FALL TRADE.

This Store is growing—larger and better, selling more goods in this city than all others combined. Our prices are the lowest for good quality, our styles are the newest. We are selling others housefurnishings, why can't we sell you. We can furnish your house complete and give entire satisfaction. Note a few of our low prices:

$ 2.88	for	Oak or Mahogany Rockers.
3.75	"	" " "
2.26	"	" " "
5.50	"	Fine Iron and Brass Bed and Springs, full size.
13.75	"	Fine 3-piece Oak Bedroom Suite.
16.00	"	Fine 3-piece Oak or Mahogany Finish Suit.
.50	"	Chenille Rugs.
1.98	"	Moquette Rugs, 27x63 inches.
.40	"	Rich Wilton Hassocks.
.29	"	4-ft White Poles Complete.

Big values in all kinds of Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Shades, Linoleums, etc. Wall Paper at cut prices. WE SEW CARPET, WE PAY FREIGHT. Make your next purchase from us, we will save you some money.

ANDREWS & CONKLING,
127-129 Union Street.
OLEAN, N. Y.

Correspondence Solicited.

100 Styles of Stoves.

One advantage in buying at this store is that you can choose from one hundred styles of stoves. You can get just the stove you want. Another advantage is in prices with which no other store around here competes. Our prices are the result of buying and selling 500 stoves per year. We can only get so much business by selling low.

GAS HEATERS.

About 40 styles.
A perfect and powerful stove, 20 in. high, for $3. Move it anywhere—no chimney needed.
The Radiant Home No. 20.—the most popular open front heater ever sold here—$14.
No style of heater lacking here.
Mantle Heaters—
Pure Air Heaters—
Open and closed front heaters.

RELIABLE RANGES.

Made in 45 styles.
No one who knows about ranges doubts that the Reliable is the best range made.
We have tested it a dozen years, selling hundreds of them without one complaint. These ranges are better than the best of other range in twenty different points.

WOOD HEATERS in twelve styles and prices.

CHINA.

We carry in stock 40 styles of Dinner Sets, and all other Chinaware in proportion.
100-piece sets as low as $6.50.
Haviland Dinner Sets $30 and up. This is the only store around here selling Haviland.
Any set sold here can be matched at any time.
White China for decorating.
Toilet Sets—Fancy Pottery.
Cut Glass—Lamps.

LAMPS.

About 200 styles.
On any lamp but a very cheap lamp there is considerable saving in buying here. You will appreciate the difference in prices as compared with the usual.

PAINT.

We sell all kinds of paint, but Rubber Paint is our specialty. We recommend it because it lasts three times as long as ordinary paint.

$19.50 For a $55.00 Demorest SEWING MACHINE. Every improvement.

L. Emery, Jr., & Co.,
BRADFORD, PENN'A.

PALACE PHARMACY,
Burg Chadwick, M. D., Prop.,
Retailer & Jobber of
Drugs, Patent Medicines, Extracts,
Toilet Articles, Etc.

Call and ask for a 15c. package of Horse & Cattle Powders FREE.

Fall and Winter
MILLINERY GOODS

are here and the new designs and shapes are more stylish and beautiful than ever before, if such a thing is possible. The stock was personally selected by me. A visit to any of the stores is well worth your time, and if you contemplate buying you will be the winner.

Mrs. J. W. Reilly,
SMETHPORT, PA.
OLEAN BRANCH,
106 State Street.

New York

AT YOUR DOOR.

Mr. Lindholm has just returned from the Metropolis of America where he has studied the styles and fabrics in vogue in that Supreme City of Fashion. We place at your disposal this week the result of his efforts in

Elegant Cloaks
Collarettes
Exquisite Dress Goods
Trimmings
Dainty Waist Silks
FancyRibbons
Rich Velvets

This is the proud week of our history. We have such an array of the Beautiful as will thrill to an ecstacy the feminine hearts of Smethport.

Don't forget our other departments.

F. G. Lindholm & Co.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Smethport, Pa.

Sept. 24, 1897.

THIS IS THE TIME

to have views of your residences taken. The best time

OF THE YEAR,

consequently the best results can be obtained. If you desire

TO BUY CRAYONS

I am still at the front.

Crayons framed $3.50.

"IKE" GLEASON, The Photographer,

Smethport, Pa.

"SHOES."

We will send to any responsible person stacks to select from. We have everything in

Fine Shoes

in styles and quality that cannot be purchased in any small town. We make a specialty of FINE SHOES; every width and size.

BURT & PACKARD'S Korrect Shape Shoes for Men. We refer you to our many customers in Smethport.

H. W. Bloodsworth & Co.,

Olean, N. Y.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, OCT. 29, 1897.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Vote.

—Vote it straight.

—Put your X in the first circle.

—X in Republican column—prosperity.

—Vote for your best interests and the G. O. P.

—Civil court commences Monday, November 8.

—Argument court convenes Wednesday, Nov. 3.

—Little Allen Morrison is confined to the house with a severe cold.

—The Chautauqua House roof has just received a new coat of paint.

—Housework will be here Nov. 9, at the store of M. L. Armstrong.

—E. M. Kerns has had the front of his residence repaired and repainted.

—Daisies and dandelions were in bloom on the court house square last Wednesday.

—The last reports from Clermont are that there are 13 cases of typhoid fever in that place.

—S. Hicks, optician, of Kane will visit Dr. Chadwick's drug store on Tuesday, Nov. 9. See adv.

—The following letters remain in the postoffice for the week ending Oct. 23: O. Baker, Zinsy Karlson.

—L. Koenig has very much improved the appearance of the interior of the M. E. parsonage by putting on new paper.

—The four-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Schrader died at Eldred on Monday last. Funeral was held Wednesday.

—The organ recital at St. Luke's last Tuesday night was exceptionally fine. Mrs. Mallette's singing was highly complimented.

—Lost, between Crosby and King's corners, 5 pairs new home-made yarn mittens. Finder will be rewarded by returning to J. Colegrove.

—Last Monday the jury commissioners were in town drawing the jury for the regular term commencing the second Monday of December.

—The Pennsylvania Grit is making rapid strides in journalism and compares quite favorably with some of the metropolitan Sunday papers.

—Mr. Schoonmaker with his strong voice entertains our church going people about an hour every Sunday night with a vocal concert before service.

—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jay B. Abbey of Erie, N. Y., at the residence of P. Abbey, Smethport, Wednesday night, a girl. All concerned are doing well.

—Our esteemed townsman, W. F. Specht, has been confined to the house for a couple of days, but we are pleased to say that it is nothing serious.

—C. W. Dorian of Eldred died on Monday last of cancer, aged about 38 years. Mr. Dorian had been a sufferer for some time. The funeral was held Wednesday.

—Dr. J. V. D. Coon of Olean died at his home there last Friday. The funeral was held Monday. Dr. Coon was one of the most influential citizens of that thriving city.

—The mustard coon and his banjo, who were in town last Saturday night, was a great attraction. He was a good singer, possessed a strong voice and played the banjo to perfection.

—It is thought by many that the man arrested recently for passing counterfeit money and who made his escape on Sunday night, was not a novice at the business as he tried to make it appear to the police, but an old timer and one that it would have been well to have kept a sharp watch upon.—Kane Republican.

—Chas. Shelandere of Glen Charles died at the county house, of consumption, at 7:30 Monday morning. The remains were taken to Philadelphia.

—Harry Dodge was kicked by a horse while at work near Hamlin yesterday morning. Both bones below the knee of the right leg were broken. Dr. John Clark was called who reduced the fracture.

—The MINER received a letter from Mike Dunn of Hattiesburg, Miss., last Monday. They have evidently escaped the ravages of yellow fever as he made no complaint of its appearance at that place.

—L. C. Horton died at his home in Eldred Wednesday of blood poisoning, aged about 38 years. He was proprietor of the bottling works at that place and former proprietor of the Port Allegany House at Port Allegany.

—There is a good prospect of the Marvin creek railroad being built. F. D. Gallup received a letter from a prominent attorney at Bradford last Tuesday stating that operations would commence early next month. May such prove to be the case.

—W. W. White of this place and Mrs. Elizabeth White of Frewsburg, Chautauqua county, N. Y., were married by the Methodist minister at the latter place on Monday, Oct. 24. Mr. and Mrs. White returned to this place on Wednesday and have taken up their residence on East street.

—On Sunday evening the service for the Eve of All Saints' will be observed at St. Luke's church, and a commemoration made of those departed during the year in the parish. The services on All Saints' Day, Monday, Nov. 1st, will be a choral celebration of the Holy Eucharist at 10:30 a. m. and Evensong at 7:30 p. m.

—George Harvey was taken to Warren's hospital to have a foot amputated. He rallied from the operation and was getting along nicely. Someone, at present unknown, gave him a bottle of alcohol. He drank the stuff, had delerium tremens and died a raving maniac. If the person who gave the stuff to Harvey can be located he will be punished.—Era.

—Company C's foot ball team defeated the DuBois-Altoona combination on the Pine street grounds at Bradford last Tuesday afternoon by a score of 10 to 0. There was a large and enthusiastic crowd to witness the spirited game. Bradford's foot ball team seems to be right in the swim and has the faculty of presenting their opponents with a goose egg every time.

—The prospects for securing a glass plant here are quite flattering. There were a couple of gentlemen here last week looking the ground over and they were well pleased with the outlook. There are other parties who will be here to make an investigation soon, and one of these parties will undoubtedly locate here. We do not feel justified in saying anything further on the subject at present.

—Emery Allard, son of Mrs. Eliza Allard of this borough, has been admitted to the State Industrial School at Chester Springs, through the efforts of Judge and Mrs. Morrison. Emery has been an inmate of the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville since the first of the year where he is very favorably spoken of. He is to be congratulated upon having the opportunity to receive the excellent industrial training given at Chester Springs.

—Harry B. Tenbrook and Layina A. Wadsworth of Lafayette, Esquire Shaw and Bertha L. Yeager of Hazelhurst, Chas. Laurin and Elvira Friberg of Kane, Jas. McGee and Margaret Barrett of Eldred, Geo. A. Mistetler of Williamsport and Miss Jennie E. Newcomer of Cogan Station, Pa., Thos. W. Bly and Miss Tillie S. Kooner of Duke Centre, Frank Fazio and Miss Clementia Calsimo of Bradford, Pa., were granted marriage licenses recently.

—Ray R. Roberts received notice from Washington, D. C., Monday that he had been given an appointment in the War Department. Mr. Roberts will leave for Washington next Tuesday to commence the duties of his new office. His family will reside in Ceres until spring, when they will also go there. Mr. Roberts is a bright young business man, and his many friends join with The Mail in wishing him all kinds of success.—Ceres Mail.

—All things come to those who patiently wait, and such faith Wash Stark now holds good doctrine. Last Sunday night a little girl stranger visited his home on King street. By the way Wash has paid very little attention to the laundry since. Early Monday morning Fred Brownell was observed cutting a few pigeon wings in his barn and when asked the cause of so much hilarity, he quickly answered: "There are hopes for me. Wash Stark has a little girl at his house."

—Rev. I. T. Walker preached his first sermon at the M. E. church last Sunday to a Smethport audience. That he made a good impression there is no question. He is a gentleman of good address and pleasing manners. That he will do his part in the Master's vineyard with true zeal, no one who heard him will have a particle of doubt. It is to be hoped that the members will go hand in hand with their pastor and, thus united, they will have a bountiful harvest of souls saved for the Master's kingdom.

—There will be an exciting game of foot ball at Bradford next Saturday afternoon between the invincible Co. C team of Bradford and a team from Lancaster, near Buffalo. This promises to be a very interesting game and will be well worth seeing. Train will leave here at 10 a. m., arriving at Bradford at 12:30. Game called at 2:30, giving plenty of time to witness the contest and return on the 4:30 train for home. The Lancaster eleven are said to be the strongest team in western New York. Round trip tickets 95 cents.

—Commissioner of Pensions Evans recently issued following order: "Letters addressed to a pensioner, from the office of any United States pension agent, must be delivered ONLY to a pensioner, or to a member of his family, specially authorized by him to receive them, except as stated below. They must not be delivered to any person in whose care they may be addressed. Under no circumstances must the letters of pensioners, sent from the pension office or from any United States pension agency, be delivered to any attorney, claim agent, broker or any other person except as stated above."

—A territory of 271,000 square miles, comprising Washington, Idaho and Oregon as they are to-day, was saved to the Union by one man. He had the courage and heroism to ride on muleback for 3,000 miles. The ride was thrilling, the trials and hardships marvelous, the result a glorious one. The whole story, beautifully illustrated, will be given in the November issue of The Ladies' Home Journal, under the title, "When Dr. Whitman Added Three Stars to Our Flag," the closing and most intensely interesting article in the Journal's successful series of "Great Personal Events." The first woman to cross the Rockies figure in the story, which proves beyond a doubt that they preceded Fremont, the "Pathfinder," by six years.

—The audience that greeted Voegtle's Minstrels at the opera house last Monday evening was the largest that has assembled in that building for a long time. Monday noon the band secured Romney's band wagon and gave a street parade and in the evening the new drum corps promenaded Main street in announcement of the event. From this time the curtain went up on the first part till it dropped at the conclusion of the farce, "The Absent Minded Man," there was not a dull moment in the show. Everything went off well—first part, specialties and farces. While all did their parts in a praiseworthy manner, space forbids a very extended notice, but before we close we must mention the harmonious singing of the quartette and the all around good work of Cort Corwin as a black face comedian, and as a performer on a slack wire he has few equals.

—A dispatch from East Aurora, N. Y., says: News reached here to-night of the conviction of Irving Brown, who has been on trial for murder in West Virginia. At the end Brown confessed that he killed his cousin, Emanuel Crull, but claimed he did it in self-defense. This confession saved his life, and he was sentenced to life imprisonment. Brown left here a year ago. His parents live on a farm north of the village. He is about 25 years old and always had a bad reputation. He and Crull, a cousin by marriage, were driving across the country, when they got into an altercation. Brown killed Crull and drove for miles with the mutilated corpse beside him in the wagon. He threw it into a river, where it was found several days later. Crull, the victim of the murderer, was formerly a resident of this city. Mrs. Crull and Mrs. Kinney, of Bradford, were sisters of the murdered man.—Wednesday's Era.

—Promenaders on Main street were treated to rather a novel sight yesterday, when their attention was attracted to a lady attired in an up-to-date hunting garb and jauntily carrying a fine new shot gun as naturally and in as easy a manner as the most experienced huntsman. Could this woman be a lover of hunting? The idea was a novel one, but it excited only admiring comments. It can be answered in the affirmative. This lady is a huntswoman and she is one of several ladies in the city who are fond of gunning. Small game is their forte and some of the ladies are really good shots. Not long ago a party of theirs, headed by an experienced huntswoman, whose husband is a Main street business man, went into the woods. They were each armed and the party brought in a number of squirrels which they had bagged. In some parts of the country women are found who are expert with the rifle and there is no reason why the women of Bradford should not enjoy this most exhilirating of pastimes where small game is so plentiful as it is in the woods of McKean county.—Wednesday's Star.

Marcus Currency Scheme

A dispatch from Washington states that Secretary Gage presented to the cabinet Friday a proposition to change the design of the United States paper money. There are at present in current use three classes of government paper money—silver certificates, treasury notes of 1890, and United States notes or greenbacks. In each of these classes there are nine denominations, making twenty-seven in all, each being represented by a special design, entirely dissimilar from the others.

Secretary Gage's plan, which is a modification of the one proposed by H. W. Marcus of this city, is to have practically one design for three one dollar notes, another for the two dollar notes, and so on up to $1000. In order that the three classes of paper money may be distinguished readily, the seals and the numbers in each class would be printed in distinctive colors. The numerals on each note would be made very prominent.

The secretary argued that the new designs would prevent in a great measure the raising of notes, as the design of a bill at once would identify the denomination independent of the numerals. The secretary had with him at the cabinet meeting samples of the new designs, and all of the cabinet officers present expressed themselves as highly pleased with his scheme. Unless something unforseen occurrs to prevent, this plan will be carried out as soon as the plates can be prepared.—Olean Democrat.

Hallowe'en Hunt.

For the purpose of applying on pastor's salary, the Young People will give a Hallowe'en Hunt and light refreshments at William Hafner's residence on the corner of Mechanic and Mill streets, Saturday evening, Oct. 30. The following are the rules for the Hunt: Each young lady is requested to choose a young gentleman to find her and if he is successful the lady has to pay for the supper, if not the gentleman foots the bill. Every lady must hide in open air within a radius of a quarter of a mile from the house in every direction, having one half hour for hiding —from 7:00 to 7:30, the gentlemen being confined to the house during this time. At 7:30 the hunt will begin and last for one hour, during which time the people assembled will be entertained with games and at the close of the hunt, coffee, sandwiches and grapes will be served. Every one is cordially invited to be present. Lunch, 10 cents for adults; 5 cents for children.

Barrows' Mill Burned.

Last Monday afternoon, about 3 o'clock the well known saw mill at Cameron, so many years conducted by R. W. Barrows, was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $10,000; partially insured. By hard work the fire was kept from the lumber yard and store, but the office was destroyed. The mill will be rebuilt at once.—Cameron Press.

HEADQUARTERS
McKEAN POST NO. 347, G. A. R.,
SMETHPORT, PA., Oct. 27, 1897.

General Order, No. 4.

I. The Comrades of this Post are hereby ordered to appear at the Post Room, Thursday, November 4th, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., in full uniform, for inspection.

By Command,
H. M. CHOATE, Commander.
H. L. BURLINGAME, Adjutant.

Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. P. E. Graham, of Gears Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that affected a cure and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." This medicine can always be depended upon for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take and never fails to effect a cure. 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Lemmler has the best stock of robes, blankets, horse furnishing goods, etc., ever displayed in Smethport. Call and see them.

If you wish first class carpenter work call and see me at the old reliable stand.
T. H. PURTLE.

Have you seen the new stock of robes and blankets at Lemmler's? Cheapest ever offered in Smethport.

The finest of room moulding 50 varities to select from. Call on L. Koenig Water street.

PERSONAL MENTION

T. P. Barker of Port Allegany was in town Monday.

Dr. J. C. Brown of Eldred was in town Monday.

Drs. Burg Chadwick visited Flatlands Monday.

T. H. Ryan was in Glen Charles Wednesday.

T. J. Gilbert of Machias was in town over Sunday.

W. A. Young had business in Bradford Tuesday.

Col. Lucius Rogers spent Sunday with his family here.

Chas. Paulson of Mt. Jewett was in town last Saturday.

Hugh Hawley of Meadville spent last Sunday in town.

Mrs. F. C. Olds of Newett was in town visiting yesterday.

E. M. Kerns and P. B. Anderson visited Bradford Tuesday.

W. E. Butts of Clermont was here on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rahan of Colegrove were in town Tuesday.

A. C. Rice of Bradford was greeting old friends here Wednesday.

W. C. Henry of Bradford was a brief visitor in town Wednesday.

T. F. Hungiville transacted business at the oil metropolis Wednesday.

W. H. Betkwater of Kane was in town on business the first of the week.

H. W. Martindale of Sisterville autographed at the Central Monday.

Ex-Commissioner Sheldon Jewett came over from Custer City Wednesday.

Mrs. S. C. Townsend and Miss Mattie Backus visited Olean friends yesterday.

G. P. Hoagland of Williamsport was a pleasant caller at this office Wednesday.

J. M. McElroy came over from Bradford Saturday night and spent Sunday in town.

P. I. Marsh of Eldred came up Tuesday to see that everything passed off smoothly.

A. D. Gould, editor of the Eldred Eagle, was a pleasant caller at this office Monday.

Att'y E. H. Sherman of Bradford, transacted business at the court house Wednesday.

E. C. Cleveland and C. H. Taylor of Mt. Jewett were in town on business Wednesday.

R. H. Camp and wife of Port Allegany were guests at the Wright House Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary P. Brown and Geo. R. Allen of Cisero, N. Y., are guests of W. S. Brownell.

Warley Gifford and A. F. Brown went to Carthage, N. Y., last week to visit S. J. Gifford.

C. M. Colegrove went to Coudersport Monday, where he has been engaged in surveying.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian Bair of Derrick City were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis Sunday.

T. B. Clark came over from Bradford to attend to his duties at the court house on Monday.

W. H. Olmsted came home from Buffalo Monday. He reports everything booming in that city.

W. P. Weston of Kane came over Monday night to enjoy a hunt with J. W. Bouton on Tuesday.

J. Marshall of Buffalo, agent for Dun & Co., was in town Tuesday. He is taking a trip on his wheel.

Ambrose McCabe of Erie, a former resident of this place, arrived Wednesday for a visit among friends.

Supt. J. C. McKenna and Mayor Pagnan of Bradford and Col. Wilcox made a brief visit in town Saturday.

Geo. E. Beaumont and Misses Emma S. Beaumont and Jennie Cool of Mt. Jewett were in town yesterday.

J. H. Fullmer of Muncy, an old time friend of ye editor, was a most agreeable caller at this office Wednesday.

Mrs. John Forrest and Miss Mate Sartwell went to Port Allegany Wednesday for a few days' visit among friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hafner and little daughter, Mabel, of Clermont were pleasant callers at this office last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sheppard and daughter of Port Allegany came over Tuesday and were guests of W. D. Gallup and wife.

James Harris and granddaughter, Miss Nan Harris of Sweden, Potter county, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lem K. Hogarth yesterday.

Horace Stark of Hazelhurst was a most agreeable caller last Tuesday. Mrs. Stark accompanied him and was the guest of Miss S. A. Scull.

Mrs. G. W. King was called to the bedside of her father, John Haner, at Pine Grove, Schuylkill, Co., last Thursday. Mr. Hauer is seriously ill.

Dr. W. P. Burdick and wife came down from Mt. Jewett Wednesday night. Yesterday the Doctor went up Potato creek to enjoy the hunting in that region.

W. W. Tate of Wellsboro spent Sunday at the Grand Central. Will's hair begins to resemble one of the planks of the Chicago platform, but he is the same genial friend as of yore.

Last Tuesday A. J. Martin dropped into town after an absence of over three months. It kept him busy shaking hands with his many friends and explaining why he had not shown up before.

Our old friend J. G. Corbett of Austin, Pa., was a guest at the Wright House Tuesday while on his way to Ridgway where he will make his home in the future. Ridgway will be the gainer in securing Mr. and Mrs. Corbett as residents of the town.

C. L. S. C. Meetings

Through the kindness of Rev. Taylor the members of the C. L. S. C. have secured the Baptist lecture room for their regular place of meeting. Meetings are held on Tuesday afternoon of each week, and visitors are cordially invited. The program for Tuesday, Nov. 2d, will be carried out as follows: "Imperial Germany," Mrs. M. L. Church; "The Social Spirit in America," Mrs. Millie Belyer; "Biographical Sketch of Martin Luther," and Book Review "Marm Lisee," Helen S. Morrison; "News of the Week," Mary L. Keenan.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets. Beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Croup Quickly Cured.

Mountain Glen, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief. F. A. Thornton. This celebrated remedy is for sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Have you seen "Solomon Isaacs?"

An awful fine cigar—"Solomon Isaacs."

Five cents will buy a "Solomon Isaacs."

Don't fail to get a "Solomon Isaacs" cigar.

Disfigurement for life by burns and scalds may be avoided by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and for all kinds of sores and skin troubles. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

I have a large quantity of hard wood, slab stove wood, which will sell at mill at 50 cts. per cord, or in quantities of 10 cords or more, will sell at 40c. per cord.
40-4t. F. C. OLDS, Newett, Pa.

There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Wm. Masser has employed a first-class bicycle repairman from Buffalo who will be able to make any repairs needed, or build new wheels.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Good house and lot for sale. Inquire at this office or of the undersigned.
M. S. COMBS.

Gleason, the photographer, is now ready to take pictures of your residences.

Miss Grace Emery has returned from Eldorado, South Dakota.

Editor McClellan of Mt. Jewett came down to hear Dr. Swallow Thursday.

Bradford's bowling team defeated the Olean ditto by a score of 2240 to 2162.

Col. A. I. Wilcox, formerly sheriff of the county and one of the promoters of the B., B. & K. R'y, was in the city last week renewing old friendships.

Dr. N. Y. Mease, who died at Warren Sunday of heart disease was up to 1891, a practising physician of Bradford and has many friends in the county.

On election day, Nov. 2, the young men of the Y. M. C. A., will serve their second annual turkey supper at Exchange Lyceum. The boys were very successful last year and will no doubt be liberally patronized.

A party of Erie railroad officials including President E. B. Thomas, Vice President W. L. Morrill and General Superintendent C. R. Fitch, were in the city last week as was also Mr. Merchant, assistant to the president of the B. R. & P.

A collision of two freight trains on the Erie road at Limestone delayed traffic for some hours recently. No lives were lost, though one man had a narrow escape. The engineer and fireman of the colliding engine jumped in time to save their lives.

At a convention of the Grand Lodge A. O. U. W., at Philadelphia last week three popular Bradford men were given offices. Messrs. Charles G. Fitzgibbon, James A. Lindsey and W. F. Hastings were the chosen ones and are receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

Captain Hans Anderson, the last survivor of the Monitor's crew, lectured at the Exchange Lyceum Wednesday evening. He told all about the gallant fight between the little cheese box and the Merrimac. The proceeds of the entertainment are for the benefit of the Swedish Lutheran church.

Alfred Willowby, a well-known producer, died at the hospital Sunday evening of pneumonia after an illness of only a few days. Deceased was aged 79 years and unmarried. He had resided in Bradford since 1873 and was well known all over the county. The remains were taken to Columbus, O., Tuesday for interment.

The attractions at the Wagner this week are the Gorman Brothers in "Mr. Bean from Boston," and jolly Nellie McHenry in "A Night in New York." Reserved seats for the opera house will be sold in the future at Southwick's drug store corner of Main and Congress streets, instead of at Brennan & Davis' as heretofore.

The railroads running into the city are doing a rushing business. When there are good times on the railroads the effect is felt all over the city. Over $100,000 is paid by the different companies every month to their local employees which of course finds its way by the channels of trade to the merchants and business men.

The daily papers are giving a great deal of space to that disgusting Kane sensation and a parallel case is said to have occurred in this city recently. The house of an East Main street couple is under suspicion as being an institution where such cases are taken care of and a regular business made of abortion. In the cause of humanity and decency the story should be investigated and either disproved or the criminals punished.

While changing cars to come to Bradford last Saturday, L. E. Lockard lost a valise and P. M. Shannon an umbrella. The gentlemen had placed their belongings in the Bradford train and waited at the depot while the cars were backed down the track. When they were pulled up to the station again the articles were missing. Mr. Lockard's valise contained many valuable papers, among them drafts amounting to $21,000, which, however, are not negotiable by any one but himself. A liberal reward has been offered for the return of the valise.

Rev. Dr. Swallow, candidate for State treasurer on the Prohibition ticket, spoke to a large audience at the Exchange Lyceum Thursday evening. He was preceded by Rev. Quincy L. Somers of Baltimore, who waited in the last legislative body in fine style, pla nly inferring in his remarks that the burning of the State capitol was a piece of incendiarism done at their instigation. According to Mr. Morrow the State officials are a gang of l unco steers and robbers; who recklessly squander the people's money and delude the masses. Dr Swallow spoke very briefly his voice being in bad shape from overmuch "stumping." He is a fluent speaker however, and speaks very confidently of his election.

An important change has been made in the ownership and management of the Bradford Electric Street Railway. The Boston stockholders have been bought out by a party of Worcester, Mass., capitalists, thus bringing the Olean, Rock City and Bradford roads under the same management. Mr. Isaac White, superintendent of the O. R. C. & B., line will now have charge of the Bradford city line as well. The old directors who still remain are C. C. Melvin, L. E. Hamilton and W. K. Wenner. E. W. Davis remains as president and C. E. Hudson as secretary and treasurer. C. A. Richardson was elected vice president and manager, vice H. L. Pierce resigned. The office and waiting room of the company have been removed from Congress street to No. 1 Main.

An adjourned and stormy meeting of councils was held Monday evening at which much loud talking was done and very little work accomplished. D. T. Drew and 36 other residents of East Main street submitted a written notice to the effect that they would refuse to pay the paving taxes until the defects of which they complained were remedied. They make many charges against the contractors of violation of contract, claiming that the work is not being done in a proper manner, the brick is not uniform in color and size, the curbing unsurfaced, the track of the street railway not being laid according to contract etc. The whole matter was referred to the joint street committee with instructions to report at the next meeting of council. Chairman Howe was authorized to appoint a committee of seven to solicit funds for a clock for the new city building.

FOOT BALL NOTES.

The colored club of Buffalo are expected to be the first victims of the local colored team.

John Miskel, better known as "Reddy," has joined Co. C's squad and promises to be a decided acquisition.

If Connery, who is now in Scranton, joins the team it will contain four red-headed giants, Connery, Miskel, McAleer and Leonard.

That Dunkirk Observer man who predicts certain defeat for the Buffalo University team should they line up against Co. C, knows what he is talking about.

The colored young men of the city have organized a foot ball team with Chauncy Stewart as coach. They are all fine specimens of physical prowness and make a good showing at practice.

There is talk of running a special train from Kane, Mt. Jewett and Smethport to Bradford every Saturday till the end of the season, to give sport lovers of the county a chance to see the games.

That was a bad bluff the University of Buffalo made. After refusing to meet Co. C on an open date for a guarantee of $175, the manager telegraphed his willingness to meet Stewart's Pets on Tuesday for $100. Co. C was dated to play DuBois on that date of which engagement he must have known.

ANNIN CREEK.

Elwin Cooper has gone to Austin to work.

E. M. Shurts and wife of Port Allegany were in town Friday.

The snow storm last Friday evening gave a white tinge to the hill tops.

Frank Wood and wife of Rixford were visiting in this place last week.

Charles Hodges and Will Buckley had business in Olean one day last week.

J. S. Hodges attended the wedding of Ray Foote at Port Allegany Wednesday last.

G. W. Winship and wife of Port Allegany were calling on friends here one day last week.

L. F. Phoenix of Addison N. Y., was transacting business in this place the fore part of the week.

Rev. W. F. Tubbs and wife and three sons, Herman, George and Collins, started for their new home at Mt. Alton Friday after a brief visit among Annin Creek friends.

Almond, the 5 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Tubbs, is quite sick at this writing. A complication of whooping cough and other ailments being the cause of his sickness.

LARABEE.

Miss Bella Otto is visiting relatives in Olean, N. Y.

Mrs. Almon Carpenter visited relatives in Eldred Saturday.

Quite a number of our young people attended a social at Colegrove Friday evening.

W. F. Carpenter departed for [illegible]

Dr. F. C. Pierce, Smethport, Pa.

Office over Young's Store.

THOS. H. CLARK,

(Successor to W. P. Walsh.)

Practical Plumber,

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Dealer in

Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Wash Basins, Gas Stoves, Gas Fixtures, Steel and Tin Roofing, etc. Also Galvanized Conductors and Tin Spouting.

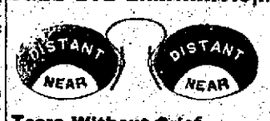
Agent for the Welsbach Lamps.

Thos. H. Clark,

SMETHPORT, PA.

TUESDAY, NOV. 9TH.

FREE EYE EXAMINATION.



Tears Without Grief,

Do you shed them?

Can you read fine print without shedding tears? Do your eyes ache when you read by lamp light? Does the wind or strong light cause them to water? If your sight is defective we can help you. We can tell you precisely how to correct the defect which your eyes suffer.

Prof. HOUSEWORTH,

Eye Specialist,

Formerly with Queen & Co., Phila.

At the store of

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pa., I will expose at public sale on the premises, in the borough of Mt. Jewett, on

Tuesday the 16th day of November, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described pieces of property:

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situate in the borough of Mt. Jewett, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post 105 feet south of the right-of-way of the Mt. Jewett and Smethport Railroad on the line dividing lands of Nils Nilsson and the said Andrew Peterson; thence south 25 degrees east two hundred and eighty-nine feet (289 ft.) to a post on the line of the railroad right-of-way aforesaid; thence along the south line of said said right-of-way north 5 degrees 45 minutes west two hundred and four feet (204 ft.) to a post; thence continuing along said right-of-way one hundred and twenty-nine feet (129 ft.) to a post the northeast corner of land conveyed by Andrew Peterson and wife to Nilson to the said Mt. Jewett Flint Glass Company; thence south 4 degrees 45 minutes west one hundred and five feet (105 ft.) to the place of beginning. Containing 52-100 of an acre more or less, being a part of the same land conveyed to Andrew Peterson by C. Mellander by deed dated September, 1888, and recorded in Deed Book Vol. 86 at page 301, &c., records of McKean county, and being the same land deeded to Mt. Jewett Flint Glass Company by Andrew Peterson and wife by deed dated March 13th, 1897, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. 94 at page 523, etc.

The two above described pieces of land being improved and having thereon erected one large frame building about 80x90 feet used as a glass works, together with the engine, boiler, shafting, belting, machinery, jehrs, furnaces, pots, &c., contained therein and to the same belonging, also one smaller frame building about 20x40 feet used as an office and store room or ware house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Mt. Jewett Flint Glass Company at the suit of H. J. Brennan, cashier.

Bouton & Ghilup, plaintiff's attorneys.

J. F. DAVIS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. 25, 1897.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF LEVARI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, Pa., I will expose at public sale on the premises, in the borough of Port Allegany, on

Tuesday, the 2nd day of November, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described piece of property:

Defendant's interest in all that parcel or lot of ground in McKean county, Pennsylvania: Beginning at a post in the west line of Hart street in Port Allegany standing N 25 degrees W 212 feet from the S E corner of square No. 12 and also 78 feet on same line from N E corner of land Andrew J. Connelly; thence S 66 degrees W 97½ feet to a corner in the E line of an alley 12 feet wide; thence N 25 degrees W 30½ feet along the E line of said alley to the S W corner of lot of E. O. Burfee; thence N 66 degrees E along S line of same 97½ feet to the W line of Pearl street; thence with same S 25 degrees E 30½ feet to the place of beginning. Together with all and singular the buildings, streets, alleys, passages, ways, waters, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging. Together with one two-story frame building with one story addition to the back, used as a billiard room and bowling alley.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of D. R. McNary and Rachel E. McNary at the suit of the Guarantee Savings, Loan and Investment Company.

C. W. Curtis, plaintiff's attorney.

J. F. DAVIS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. 11, 1897.

S. HICKS,

OPTICIAN,

of KANE.

WILL VISIT

Dr. Chadwick's Drug Store,

ON

TUESDAY, NOV. 9th,

where he will TEST EYES and ADJUST GLASSES to correct all errors of refraction.

Test Free.

Correction Guaranteed.

DR. E. GREWER,

ELDRESS BLOCK,

Rooms 4 and 5. Bradford, Pa.

The Doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. His specialties are Chronic, Nervous, Skin, Heart, Womb and Blood diseases.

Diseases of the Nervous System.

The symptoms of which dizziness, lack of confidence, sexual weakness in men and women, ball rising in the throat, spots floating before the eyes, loss of memory, unable to concentrate the mind on one subject, easily startled when suddenly spoken to, and dull, depressed mind, which unfits them for pursuing the actual duties of life, making happiness impossible, distressing the action of the heart, causing flush of head, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, cowardice, fear, dreams, melancholy, rare case of company, feelings as tired in the morning as when retiring, lack of energy, nervousness, trembling, confusion of thought, depression, constipation, weakness of the limbs, etc. Those so affected should consult us immediately and be restored to perfect health.

Lost Manhood Restored.

Weakness of Young Men Cured.

We will give the sum not exceeding $5,000 for any case of Epileptic Fits or Convulsions we cannot cure.

If you have been given up by your physician call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weaknesses, Affections of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers and eruptions of every description.

Consultation free and strictly sacred and confidential. Office hours daily from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sunday from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

FARQUHAR

Portable Friction Feed

SAW MILL

and

Ajax Center Crank Engine

Rapid, accurate, strong and simple, with large capacity for all kinds of saw mills or whole. Strong and safe. No Farquhar Shifter has ever wrecked. Also standard [illegible] Boilers and Engines. Write for catalogue and prices to

A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Ltd., York, Pa.

GAS

FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

Dr. F. C. Pierce,

Smethport, Pa.

Office over Young's Store.

THIS IS

Everybody's Opportunity.

Go to store of D. C. Young and buy your goods at old prices, before the advance which is sure to come. I have just returned from the city where I have bought for cash the finest stock of General Merchandise ever brought into town.

A LITTLE MONEY

Will provide a large family with Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Groceries at my store for the coming Winter. We are all looking for bargains. I have them for you; my store is full of them. Here are a few:

Good Tea at 25c a pound; good Coffee at 12 1-2 cts a pound; Women's Fleece Lined Vests 25c, and Drawers to match at same price; combination suits 50c. A nice line of Dress Goors at 10c to 25c a yard. 25c will buy your boy a good Winter cap, and 50c will buy him a pair of pants.

I only mention a few articles, but invite you to my store to look over my immense stock and note the prices. If you do not see what you want, please ask for it.

D. C. YOUNG.

Oct. 1, 1897. SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

Stark's Steam Laundry.

First-Class Work. Up-to-Date Prices.

I am prepared, having employed a practical laundryman, to do everything in my line. Family washing a specialty.

Laundry called for Mondays and Wednes

THEY STAND FOR PROSPERITY.

Something About Next Tuesday's Republican Winners.

BOTH ARE CLEAN AND WORTHY MEN.

The Splendid Indorsement That Awaits Them at the Polls Is Fully Merited.

Hon. James S. Beacom, the Republican nominee for state treasurer, was born Dec. 8, 1837, in Westmoreland county, where he now resides. He is a son of Rev. Dr. H. C. Beacom, of Scottdale, Pa., who has for many years been one of the most prominent members of the Pittsburg conference of the Methodist Episcopal church. At the age of 18 years he commenced the battle of life on his own account, and in a shining example of what an American youth of integrity and ability may accomplish without the aid of wealth or influential friends. After spending several years in the mercantile business he entered Washington and Jefferson college, from which institution he graduated in the class of 1860. He then assumed the principalship of the Unionville academy, which position he occupied for two years, and during this time became editor and one of the proprietors of the Unionville Enterprise, then the leading Republican journal in the southern end of Indiana county. While thus engaged he pursued a course of study in law and was admitted to the bar of Westmoreland county in 1864, since which time he has given his whole time and attention to the practice of his profession, and is now one of the leading and most active members of a bar which ranks among the very best in our state.

In 1866 he was elected a member of the Pennsylvania house of representatives, and served his constituents with

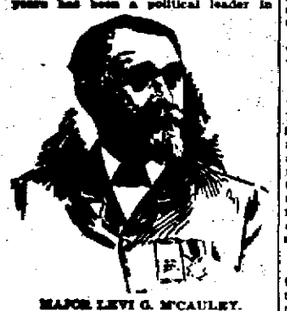
HON. JAMES S. BEACOM.

fidelity and ability during the session of 1867. He was the only successful candidate on the Republican ticket in Westmoreland county in 1836. For 30 years old Westmoreland was known as the Democratic "Star of the West," but the magnificent fighting qualities of its young Republicans, aided by its growing industries, rapidly obliterated Democratic majorities and increased the Republican vote, until now it is one of the safest Republican counties west of the Allegheny mountains.

Mr. Beacom served as chairman of the Republican county committee in 1867, 1868 and 1869, in which capacity he developed such ability as an organizer and manager of men that his reputation became state wide. In 1896 he was prominently mentioned as a candidate for congressman-at-large, but in the interest of party harmony withdrew from the contest, thus allowing the nominating of Hon. S. A. Davenport, of Erie, without opposition. He was a delegate-at-large to the national Republican convention, which met in St. Louis in June, 1896.

No man who knows Mr. Beacom questions his fitness for the office to which he aspires. Modest and unassuming in manner, he is able and aggressive in every work which he undertakes. A tireless worker for the party; honest, both in politics and business; open and fair with friends and foes, he is a typical representative of the young and aggressive Republicans who are rapidly forging to the front in the affairs of the state and nation.

Major Levi G. McCauley, the Republican candidate for auditor general, has a good war record, having lost an arm in the war for the Union, and for many years has been a political leader in



MAJOR LEVI G. M'CAULEY.

Chester county. He was born in West Whiteland township, on Sept. 2, 1837. He attended school at Abington seminary, Luzerne county, and at Kingston seminary, Luzerne county, and at McHale's academy, at Berwick, Columbia county. After leaving school he studied mechanical engineering. Leaving there, he was employed by the Erie Railroad company, Susquehanna. From this place he went to Montgomery, Ala., where he remained until Nov. 21, 1860, when, the political atmosphere becoming rather warm for the young northerner, he returned north.

He remained here until Fort Sumter was fired upon. Then he went to Susquehanna Depot, in this state, where his father had collected 300 volunteers ready to start for Harrisburg. The younger McCauley joined his father's battalion, but at Governor Curtin declined to commission him on account of his age, young McCauley returned to Whitehorse, where he joined Colonel Murray's company, which was then being organized, and which became afterward Company F, of the Seventh Pennsylvania reserves. This company was organized at Camp Wayne, West Chester, where the Seventh Pennsylvania reserves was made a unit. On the organization of the regiment Major McCauley was made first sergeant of Company F. He remained with the company during all its marches up to November, 1861, when he was promoted to be first lieutenant of Company C. After this he remained with the company and took part in the battles of Mechanicsville, Gaines' Mill, Savage Station and at Charles City Crossroads, where his right arm was shattered.

Major McCauley's arm was amputated on the evening of the day of the battle in the field hospital, just in the rear of the line, and it is said that while the surgeons were at work he sang "The Sword of Bunker Hill" in a clear, firm voice. The next morning about breakfast, while suffering from the shock of the operation, Major McCauley was taken prisoner and removed to Savage Station, and from there was taken to Libby prison, Richmond, where he was confined until October, when he was paroled and sent to Annie's Island hospital.

From there he was sent to Harrisburg, where he went into the recruiting service, and in January, 1863, he joined his regiment in the field. He was acting brigade major, when he was promoted to be major of his company, which was commissioned to date from the day he was wounded in the battle of Gaines' Mill. In the December following he was appointed brigade inspector of the Third brigade, Third division, Fifth army corps, and served in that capacity until the close of the war, when he was honorably discharged and mustered out of the service. He was brevetted major for gallant and meritorious services.

Since the close of the war Major McCauley has been an active man in the business and political circles of Chester county. He was elected register of wills in 1866, was chairman of the county Republican committee from 1866 to 1880, was a delegate to the last three gubernatorial conventions, and has frequently been a delegate to state conventions. He has served as manager of the West Chester Gas company, and as a director of that and several other business corporations, including the Farmers' National bank of West Chester. He is a member of the Soldiers' orphans schools commission, of the Grand Army of the Republic, a past commander of Post 31, of West Chester, a trustee of the West Chester State Normal school, and a member of the Valley Forge commission.

BONDS ARE NUMEROUS.

A CAMPAIGN IN WHICH THEY CUT QUITE A FIGURE.

It Appears That Candidate Thompson Once Gave One For $5,000 to a Postmaster For Governor Samuel Pandor.

The Pittsburg Dispatch, which champions the cause of the independent candidate for state treasurer, publishes in its issue of recent date the following news item:

Speaking of Mr. Larkin, reminded the talker of another incident involving the practical philanthropy of W. R. Thompson. When the Johnstown flood caused its awful catastrophe and the question of immediate relief confronted men of heart the banks of the city had closed. The sum of $5,000 was quickly pledged, but the actual cash could not be obtained. Mr. Larkin was postmaster. He was worth the money, it is true, but he had no right under the regulations of the government to divert for a second one solitary penny of national funds in the postoffice to any foreign purpose whatsoever.

Mr. Thompson gave him his personal guaranty to restore in cash the next morning the moment the bank opened the exact amount loaned.

Mr. Larkin took from the postoffice exchequer and raked from every substation all the money in whatever denomination. He boarded a Baltimore and Ohio train, the only road then running into the stricken city, and he was the first man who entered it with cash to alleviate, so far as money could, the terribly afflicted families. Mr. Thompson restored that money promptly the next morning. What the risk run was is within the easy amplification of all. After The Dispatch reporter heard this recital of how Mr. Thompson and Mr. Larkin had once been connected in well doing he sought out Mr. Larkin and asked him as to the accuracy of the reminiscence.

"I don't want to talk about myself," he said, "but it's true."

This is a remarkable statement, coming as it does from the organ which is advocating the election of Mr. Thompson as an independent candidate for state treasurer.

It will be remembered that the political managers of Mr. Thompson are distributing throughout the state campaign the indemnity bond, which is intended to reflect upon the present state treasurer for having advanced some funds to pay worthy and needy employes at the last session of the legislature. The objection is made that the advance of moneys to pay employes was not authorized by law, and therefore the subject of carping criticism. Now we are informed by the friends of Mr. Thompson that at the time of the Johnstown flood he had succeeded in getting Mr. Larkin, who was the Democratic postmaster at Pittsburg, to advance $5,000 of the funds in his hands as postmaster, which belonged to the government, for the purpose of extending some immediate help to the flood sufferers.

The object was a worthy one, but Mr. Thompson and Postmaster Larkin are properly subject to the criticism of having taken government money for private and charitable purposes. It was just as wrong, if wrong at all, to advance government money to the sufferers of the Johnstown flood as it was to advance state money to employes selected by proper authority and doing their work at Harrisburg.

Mr. Thompson and his independent friends will do well to take the beam out of their own eye before they find fault with the mote in the eye of their fellowman.

TURN OUT AND VOTE.

Help Vindicate the Party That Brought Back Prosperity.

The Republican party has been good enough to drive away Democratic hard times.

It was good enough to restore public confidence and start the mills to running.

It was good enough to smash the free silver craze and place the integrity of the United States at the head of the nations of the world.

And the principles represented by the party's candidates on the state ticket should have the support of every patriotic citizen in Pennsylvania.

Go to the polls next Tuesday and vote for Beacom and McCauley and the whole Republican ticket.

If Europe, Asia and Africa should all be swept from the globe in a single day by some freak of nature the United States would scarcely be inconvenienced a single moment by the catastrophe and business could go on in much the usual way. We can raise all we want to eat and manufacture all that we need for other purposes. When Europe threatens to retaliate because she dislikes our tariff schedules we can simply smile.—Wilmington (Vt.) Times.

No better evidence could be adduced to prove that the Dingley tariff is actually fulfilling the claims of its friends than is furnished by the calamity wailing of English concerns which have been manufacturing for the American markets while our own factories have been idle, and also by the gratifying fact that workshops long silent in this country already are beginning to hum under the beneficent influence of the new American tariff for prosperity only. Chicago (Ills.) Times-Herald.

Pullman Cars.

As a railroad train was swinging around a sharp curve a passenger in the sleeping car was thrown against the inside window of the stateroom so violently that his elbow went through the glass. The Pullman conductor came promptly to the rescue, asking if he was hurt.

"No, I'm not," answered the passenger good naturedly, "but the Pullman company's dividends will be cut down this year by the price of one pane. I suppose the stockholders can stand it, though."

"The Pullman stockholders won't have to," said the conductor. "It comes out of the X., Y. and Z. Railroad company, to whose train we are attached. I shall make out a damage slip, the train conductor will corrify it, the repairs will be made at the end of the route, and the railroad company will foot the bill. There's mighty little, I tell you, except ordinary wear and tear, that the railroad company doesn't pay for. If there is a scratch on the side of this car at the end of a run, the X., Y. and Z. pays for it, not the Pullman company.—New York Tribune.

Singing and Milking.

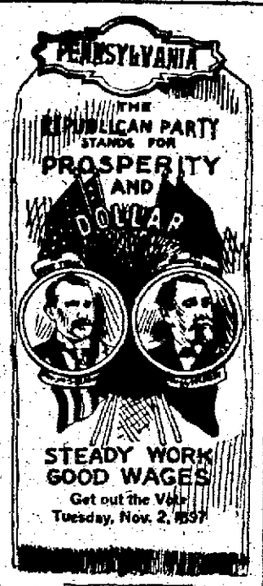
In Switzerland a milkmaid or milkman gets better wages if gifted with a good voice, because it has been discovered that a cow will yield one-fifth more milk if soothed during the milking by a pleasing melody.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweenies, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

PENNSYLVANIA

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY STANDS FOR PROSPERITY AND DOLLAR



STEADY WORK GOOD WAGES

Get out the Vote Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1897

CAMPAIGN ISSUES ARE NOT LOCAL.

Facts That Should Be Remembered by Voters.

CONGRESSMAN OLMSTEAD STRIKES THE KEYNOTE.

The Result of Next Tuesday's Election Will Affect the Next Presidential Campaign.

From the Lebanon News.

Congressman Olmstead in his excellent, clean cut speech in the court house on Thursday evening struck the keynote of this campaign when, in reply to those who claim that the issues are purely local, he said:

"If this state only is concerned why are people from other states interesting themselves? The issue is not purely local. The lines of the Western Union Telegraph company, if stretched out in a single wire, would reach more than 25 times around the globe, but if a Democratic state treasurer or a Democratic auditor general shall be elected in Pennsylvania on Nov. 2 every wire will be kept hot on the night of election carrying the news to every Democratic newspaper, every Democratic club, every Democratic orator and into every Democratic camp in the United States, and it will be claimed everywhere as a triumph of Bryanism and a rebuke to the Republican administration which has already accomplished so much good."

This is only too true, and we would impress this fact upon every Republican voter in this county, as well as upon all others who are desirous that this administration shall have full and hearty support. It matters very little who the candidates are, if they are honest and competent and will discharge their duties honestly and faithfully, but, although this is an off year, so called, it is of utmost significance whether the Republican party is shaken or retained. It usually happens that in these off years the ground work for the subsequent important elections is laid, and it is, therefore, highly necessary that the Republican party this year gain a signal victory in state and county, so that it may be unified and strengthened for the more important contest next year.

What disastrous results may follow a defeat of the Republican state ticket this year can be gathered from past experience. Congressman Olmsted pointed out what happened heretofore, and the only safe way in the future is to avoid the mistakes of the past. For the purpose of showing what influence a defeat of the Republican party in this state had upon other elections we will quote from Mr. Olmsted, who said:

"I call your attention to the fact that when in 1882 General Beaver, the Republican candidate for governor, was opposed by an independent candidate he was defeated. I ask you to remember, also, that Pennsylvania's fall from Republican ranks in that year was followed by the election of the Democratic president. We have had only two instances of Democratic success in Pennsylvania in 20 years. The one was when in 1890 a Democrat was again elected governor, and I ask you to again remember that his second election was followed by the election of a Democratic president and of a Democratic congress, and by blue ruin generally. It will not do for us to encourage the Democratic party throughout the United States by the election of a Democratic officer in Pennsylvania. And why should we? Our candidates are most worthy ones, unimpeached and unimpeachable."

The speaker called attention to the fact also that "the memory of the oldest voter in the audience will not carry him back to the time when any independent or third party candidate was elected in Pennsylvania." The only thing independent candidates can expect to accomplish is to draw enough votes away from the Republican party to elect the Democratic ticket. This past experience also has proven. The fight, therefore, is really and only between the Republican and the Bryan-Democratic party, a fact which every Republican should bear in mind when he goes to the polls on Tuesday, Nov. 2.

What Typhoid Fever Costs.

A correspondent of the Washington Post gives the following appalling typhoid statistics: Every year in the United States 400,000 people are sick with typhoid fever. Forty thousand of them die. They are sick 28 days on an average out of every 365 days. Thus we have 11,200,000 days of sickness from this disease.

Every case of this sickness means one month, generally two months, of idleness. If the wages of the patient are only 50 cents a day, there is a loss of $15 a month. Generally this sickness means a loss of wages in two months' time of $60 or $80. The average loss of wages for six weeks would be $50. Add to this the doctor's bill, which is anywhere from $60 to $100—we will say $80. If the patient lives in the city and has a trained nurse for only three weeks, there is another $45. Ten dollars for the prepared food, ice, milk, etc., brings this moderate bill up to $185. Multiply this by the number of people sick, and we can see every year in the United States $86,000,000 lost to patients by the inroads of this one disease.

The burglar which was used to elect Grover Cleveland, and give us the sweating tariff under which we have groaned and travelled for four years, was the poor man's dinner pail, as enhanced in price by the duty on tin plate. We had shown the fallacy of this argument years ago in the manufacture of steel rails, in which our experience has been almost exactly the same as in tin plate.—Lowell (Mass.) Courier.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

A. B. Armstrong & Co., offer some very handsome hammocks at very reasonable prices.

PRINCIPLES PRESIDENT AND BISHOPS

DR. SWALLOW WILL NOT ATTRACT REPUBLICANS BY ABUSING THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE.

Debauching a Religious Newspaper in an Effort to Attain His Personal Ambition.

The following editorial paragraphs appeared in Representative Foehl's Lewisburg News, and they make clear the extreme ends to which the Prohibition candidate for state treasury resorts in his campaign of mud slinging and speak of his vaporings at a Prohibition meeting recently held in Lewisburg, Union county:

"Dr. Swallow was here on a recent evening. He talked to a fair sized audience, but unusual in intelligence and good sense, and who deserved something better for the time spent. Two hours' sweltering on a hot night listening to the revamping of the personal grievances of an itinerant preacher, who may be on the road more as a traveling advertisement for his newspaper than as a patriot likely to suffer much for the dear people, was asking a great deal. He told some things which everyone has known for 30 years; he was careful not to repeat with too much certainty and emphasis some things for which he was convicted before a court of justice by his own neighbors as jurymen, and sentenced by his own neighbor who sat on the bench as judge.

The information that members of the legislature used corkscrews to open bottles was quite a revelation, indeed. He may have imagined the people up this way used them to bore holes in the backs of cranks or poor preachers who might or might not have made good blacksmiths. Another rich joke was the information that doorkeepers don't like to stay on duty any longer than they are obliged to, and that employes in state and government service would rather take $1 a day than $2. How the Dr. as state treasurer on a Prohibition platform proposes to put corkscrews to any other use than at present employed, or match boxes to carry anything but matches, he did not say. He simply opened up his meeting with prayer, which was right, and wound up with a collection, which was business, in the interim denouncing Quay and Hastings, the legislature, the corkscrew, the match box, the six doorkeepers and extolling the virtues of himself and The Pennsylvania Methodist.

And we have had reformers about here before Dr. Swallow as a preacher forgot the lesson that the world was to be conquered by love and not by making unsupported accusations; reformers who could have talked him under the table, who had energy and brains, who were not booming a newspaper nor airing their grievance! But there was a check valve missing and the hapless fate of it all is too sadly recalled, although the state has since been growing richer, the state government gradually better under the guidance of the plain old Republican party, with free school books for the boys and girls, the commonwealth run on taxes collected from the corporations, and not a cent ever missing from the treasury!

Beware of long haired men and short haired women. Keep your eye on reformers and avoid reform spasms."

"Dr. Swallow certainly got his feet in his mouth when he charged President McKinley with the mercenary motive of inviting or receiving delegations at Canton during the presidential campaign simply to boom the bar business of a hotel property owned by the president. To ascribe such motives to a Christian man like McKinley only more clearly reveals the true character of the so-called Prohibition candidate. It was a most dastardly accusation to make in a religious paper against a man who, when governor of Ohio, journeyed to his home every Sunday, from Columbus to Canton, and with tender Christian and filial devotion accompanied his aged mother to the First Methodist church.

Where are there any Republicans who will vote for such an unjust, reckless and unfeeling crank for notoriety only, like Dr. Swallow? We hope there are none in Union county."

"While Dr. Swallow is a retired Methodist preacher, it is not likely that he will get the votes of the Methodist bishops he has been traducing in his paper, the Pennsylvania Methodist. Methodists will more likely be attracted to the Republican candidate, James S. Beacom, who is a Methodist and the son of a Methodist presiding elder."

BOTH OF HIGH CHARACTER.

The Political Situation as Viewed by Hon. Emerson Collins.

Hon. Emerson Collins, the well known Williamsport, Lycoming county orator and ex-member of the legislature, in speaking of the political outlook in Pennsylvania recently said:

"From the information that I have from Republicans throughout the state, and by personal observation, I believe that the Republican candidates will be elected by large majorities. Our candidate for auditor general, Major McCauley, is an exceptionally strong candidate. He was a soldier of fine record and will poll a vote even larger than his party. Mr. Beacom is a man of the highest character and unquestioned ability, and I have no doubt of his election by a triumphant majority. The Republicans of the state justly feel, in view of the rising tide of prosperity and the admirable record of the McKinley administration, that it is their duty to sustain the cause of Republicanism in this greatest of Republican states.

"There are evidences everywhere of a subsidence of silver sentiment. The Democratic orators are largely eschewing silver on the platform. However estimable the Democratic nominees in this state personally may be the Reading platform is such that tens of thousands of conservative Democrats will again, as last year, be found in opposition to it in this state. Precisely the same reasons continue to make Democratic victory dangerous as existed a year ago. Republicans generally, indeed people of all classes except those blinded by the fatality of a now discredited political craze, regard with highest favor the achievements of the present national administration. Although an off year it richly deserves the moral effect of Republican success everywhere. The indications are all auspicious for that result."

"Away With Melancholy."

And bid dull care avaunt," sounds very well in verse, but if you have a case of the "blues" caused by indigestion, with biliousness added on as an extra horror, you cannot say boy! presto! and thus insure the departure of those abominable twins. The "presto part" when thus troubled, is to seek the aid of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Thereafter you will speedily digest with ease and eat with appetite, and your liver will resume its right to regularity. Not only this, you can retire without a horrible dread that the "Nightmare" will intrude in dreams—impose itself upon the pit of your stomach. If you feel premonitory symptoms of chills and fever, kidney trouble or rheumatism, summon to their rescue without delay, that worse thing befall you." A feeble condition of the system is more speedily changed to a healthful one by this fine tonic than by any other medicinal agent in existence. A wineglassful three times a day

Arnica soothes a stitch and strengthens the muscles. Arnica quickly uncurls, heals, whether as liniment or taken internally. Arnica relieves pain, cures colds, coughs, sore throat, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sciatica, soreness, stiffness, contusions, sprains, bruises, cuts, scalds, burns, sores, boils, felons, corns, frost bites, chilblains, earache, toothache, headache, sore eyes, sore feet, sore breast, sore throat, sore lungs, sore chest, sore stomach, sore bowels, sore kidneys, sore bladder, sore joints, sore muscles, sore nerves, sore blood, sore flesh, sore wounds, sore anything. Arnica cures piles, fever sores, scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, erysipelas, blood poisoning, boils, felons, corns, frost bites, chilblains, earache, toothache, headache, sore eyes, sore feet, sore breast, sore throat, sore lungs, sore chest, sore stomach, sore bowels, sore kidneys, sore bladder, sore joints, sore muscles, sore nerves, sore blood, sore flesh, sore wounds, sore anything. Arnica cures piles, fever sores, scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, erysipelas, blood poisoning, all female complaints, all kidney troubles, all bladder troubles, all liver troubles, all stomach troubles, all bowel troubles, all blood troubles, all nerve troubles, all flesh troubles, all bone troubles, all skin troubles, all sore troubles, all pain troubles, all ache troubles, all weakness troubles, all disease troubles. Arnica cures all these troubles because it is the great blood purifier, the great nerve tonic, the great flesh builder, the great bone maker, the great skin maker, the great sore maker, the great pain killer, the great ache killer, the great weakness killer, the great disease killer